

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

CITY OF PORT WENTWORTH, GEORGIA

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015



Prepared by: City Finance Department

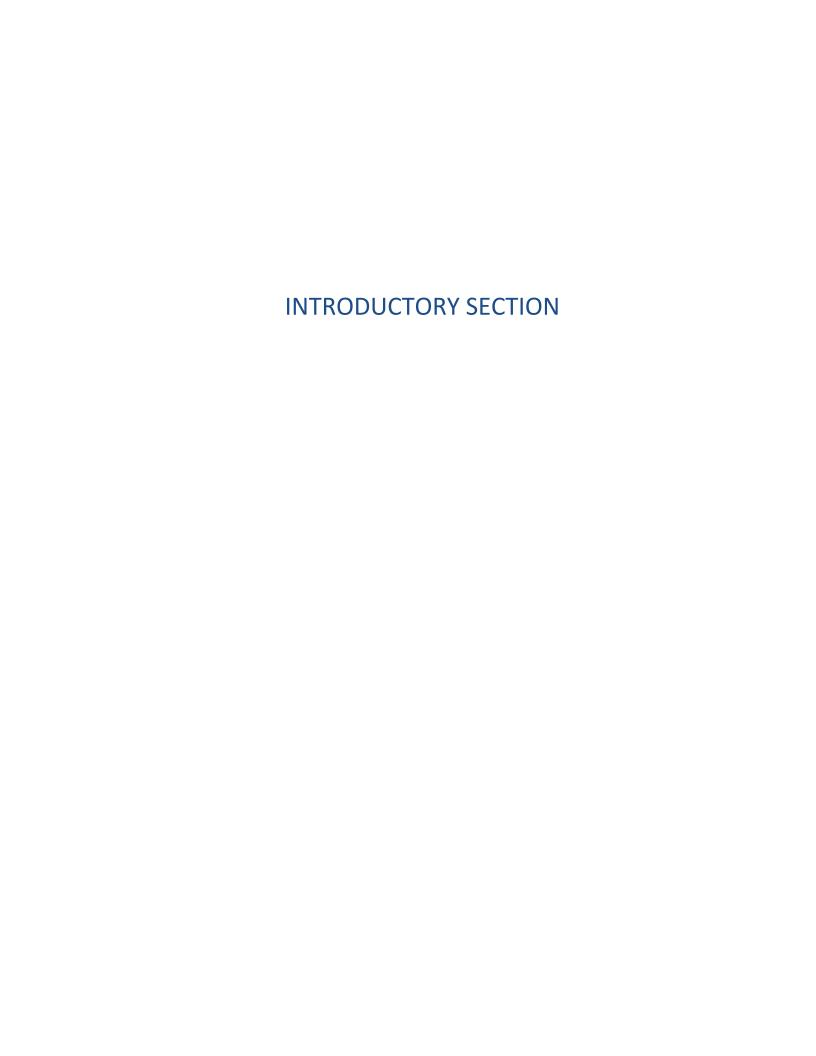


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CITY OF PORT WENTWORTH

305 South Coastal Highway Port Wentworth, Georgia 31407 (912) 964-4379 (912) 966-7429 (f) www.cityofportwentworth.com

MAYOR G. Glenn Jones

COUNCIL MEMBERS
Judson Bowers
Barbara Powers
Lloyd Stanhope
Debbie Johnson
William Herrin
Tim Holbrook

CITY ADMINISTRATOR Phillip Claxton

December 2, 2015

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of Council and Citizens of the City of Port Wentworth:

State law requires that every general purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

KRT, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the City of Port Wentworth's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of Government

The City of Port Wentworth, incorporated in 1957, is located in the eastern part of the state, which is considered to be one of the top growth areas in both the state and the country. It currently occupies 15.6 square miles with a population of 5,359 according to the 2010 Census. The City of Port Wentworth is empowered to levy a property tax on real property located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which it has done from time to time.

The City of Port Wentworth operates under the mayor-council form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing council consisting of the mayor and six other members from four districts and two at-large. Council Members serve four-year terms, with three members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected for a four-year term. The Mayor, with the Council approval, appoints the City of Port Wentworth's City Administrator and Clerk of Council. The City Administrator appoints department heads.

The City of Port Wentworth provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; refuse collection; building inspections; licenses and permits; street maintenance; recreational activities; and water and sewer services. The criteria used by the City for including activities in preparing its financial statements are set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14. Based on these criteria, all municipal services listed above are included in the City's financial statements. There are no active entities considered to be component units, or legally separate entities, for which the City is financially responsible.

The Mayor and Council are required to adopt an initial budget for the fiscal year no later than June 30 preceding the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Port Wentworth's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department Heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit. Transfers between departments, personal services and capital outlays, however, need special approval from the governing council.

Local Economy and Major Initiatives

The local economy shows continued improvement. Sales tax revenue has increased and the tax digest has grown. The city's tourism industry continues to benefit from our proximity to Savannah as hotel/motel tax revenue has increased. There has been steady growth in single family residential permits and increased interest in multifamily development. As the population has increased, the City has seen development in retail and expects this trend to continue.

Median household income has risen to \$67,354 which is almost a 40% increase since 2000. The average household size in Port Wentworth is increasing as young families are choosing Port Wentworth to live and raise families. The new Rice Creek School will accommodate the growth and serve as an attractive amenity.

The Savannah area enjoys a relatively low unemployment rate as of June 30, 2015 at 6.3%. The largest private employment sectors for Port Wentworth residents are manufacturing, construction, and transportation.

Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

The City has launched initiatives and implemented policies to encourage growth and redevelopment. Maintaining a relatively low property tax rate, 4.711 mills for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, and high homestead exemption of \$40,000 positions the City well against other localities. The City has made large infrastructure improvements including major sewerage rehabilitation and construction of a 500,000 gallon water tank to maintain system pressure needed for fire safety and to continue development.

With increased growth has come increased demand on the transportation infrastructure, especially on Georgia Highway 21. The Georgia Department of Transportation (GDOT) will begin construction on a diverging diamond interchange at Highway 21 and Interstate 95. Chatham County will begin construction on the Benton Boulevard extension to Georgia Highway 30. In addition, the GDOT expects to complete the Jimmy Deloach Extension to the Georgia Ports Authority during the next fiscal year which is anticipated to reduce truck traffic on Georgia Highways 21 and 25.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City of Port Wentworth's policy to adopt a balanced budget and conservative financial planning has allowed the City to maintain an unassigned General Fund balance of \$9,389,661 and a total fund balance of \$11,865,953. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 157% of total General Fund expenditures and total fund balance represents 199% of expenditures.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Port Wentworth for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the fourteenth consecutive year that the government achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. However, we believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the skill, effort and dedication of the entire City of Port Wentworth Administrative staff. We wish to thank all government departments for their assistance in providing the data necessary to prepare this report. Credit also is due to the Mayor and Council Members for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Port Wentworth's finances.

Sincerely,

Phillip Claxton City Administrator

Cheer Clayton



List of Principal Officials

Mayor G. Glenn Jones

Mayor Pro-Tem At-Large Judson Bowers

City Administrator Phillip Claxton

City Attorneys Eric Gotwalt

Elizabeth Pavlis

Clerk of Council Miriam Jordan

Directory of Public Safety Matthew Libby

Director of Development Services Brian Harvey

Director of Leisure Services Tiffany Lancaster

City Council Committee Chairpersons

Judson Bowers, Mayor Pro-Tem At Large Water & Sewer

Barbara Powers, District 1 Administration

Lloyd Stanhope, District 2 Leisure Services

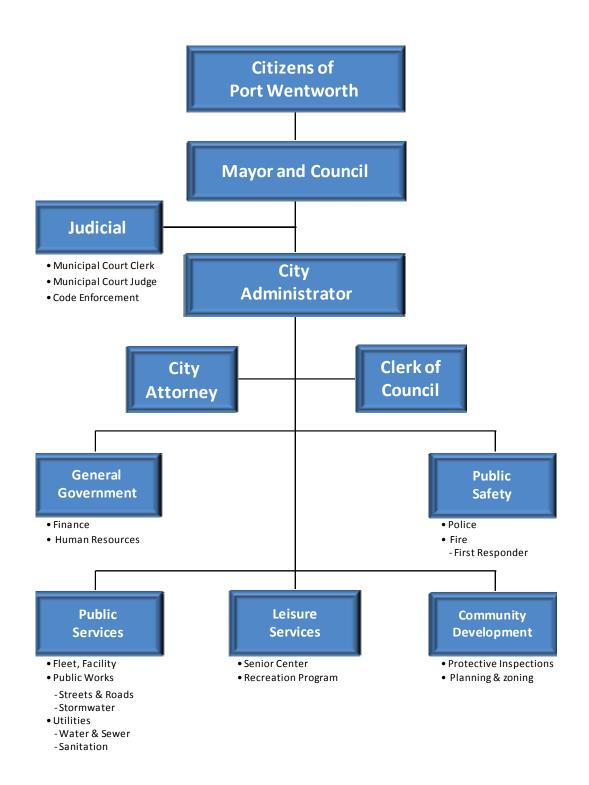
Debbie Johnson, District 3 Planning/Zoning

Bill Herrin, District 4 Public Safety

Tim Holbrook, Council Member At Large Public Services

City of Port Wentworth

Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Port Wentworth Georgia

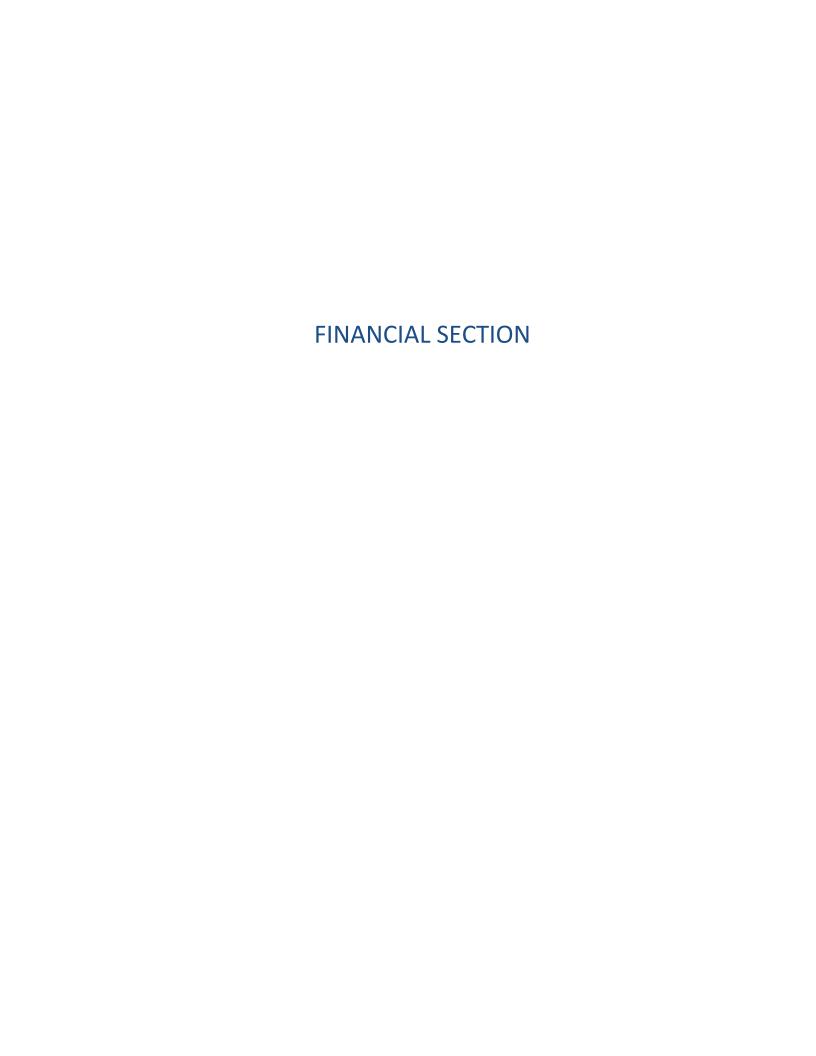
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO

Jeffry R. Ener









Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Port Wentworth, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the City of Port Wentworth, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of the City of Port Wentworth, Georgia, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the required supplementary information other than Management's Discussion and Analysis beginning on page C-1 and E-1 respectively be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Port Wentworth, Georgia's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule for the nonmajor governmental fund, the fiduciary fund statement of changes in assets and liabilities, the schedule of projects constructed with special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, the schedule of required expenditures funded by the hotel/motel tax, and the other information, such as the introductory and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedule for the nonmajor governmental fund, the fiduciary fund statement of changes in assets and liabilities, the schedule of projects constructed with special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, and the schedule of required expenditures funded by the hotel/motel tax is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedule for the nonmajor governmental fund, the fiduciary fund statement of changes in assets and liabilities, the schedule of projects constructed with special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, and the schedule of required expenditures funded by the hotel/motel tax is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The information identified in the table of contents as the introductory and statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2015 on our consideration of the City of Port Wentworth, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Port Wentworth, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KRT, CPAs P.C.

KRT, CPA, P.C. Savannah, Georgia

Savannah, Georgia December 2, 2015



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Port Wentworth (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages A-1 – A-3 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$53,374,081 (net position). Of this amount, \$19,179,783 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$140,676 because of a new requirement to report net pension asset liabilities (assets) and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions. Pension assets exceed pension liabilities by \$225,308, and deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions were \$127,203 and \$211,835, respectively.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$13,983,160, an increase of \$1,012,866 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 67% of this amount \$9,389,661 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the General Fund was \$11,703,610.
- The City's total outstanding long-term debt increased by \$1,004,215 during the current fiscal year primarily due to advances from Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA) for construction of a new water tank.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused personal time off).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, judiciary, public safety (police and fire), public works (streets and roads, storm water and sanitation), culture and recreation, and housing and development. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer and waste water treatment.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages D-1 through D-3 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presently separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental fund, Confiscated Assets Fund, is considered a nonmajor governmental fund and is provided in the supplementary data found on page F-1.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. This comparison statement can be found on page E-1.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages D-4 – D-7.

Proprietary Fund. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund to account for its water, sewer and waste water treatment operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages D-8 – D-12.

Fiduciary Fund. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains one type of fiduciary fund, the Municipal Court Fund which is an agency fund. An Agency fund reports resources held by the City in a custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations and other governments. The fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page D-13 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages D-14 – D-36.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. The schedules related to net pension liability can be found on pages E-4-E-5.

Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$53,374,081, at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

City of Port Wentworth's Net Position

		Governme	ntal a	activities		Business-type activities				Total						
				2014				2014	_'			2014				
	_	2015	-	restated	_	2015		restated	_	2015	_	restated				
Assets																
Current and other																
assets	\$	16,209,739	\$	14,466,190	\$	8,039,132	\$	7,577,764	\$	24,248,871	\$	22,043,954				
Capital assets, net		8,797,563		8,477,481		28,785,829		26,247,244		37,583,392		34,724,725				
Total assets		25,007,302		22,943,671		36,824,961		33,825,008		61,832,263		56,768,679				
Deferred outflows of																
resources																
Pension related		102,742		104,012		24,461		24,764		127,203		128,776				
Liabilities																
Current liabilities		1,741,804		1,167,035		1,248,784		1,177,619		2,990,588		2,344,654				
Long-term liabilities		53,868		98,002		5,329,094		4,339,513		5,382,962		4,437,515				
Total liabilities		1,795,672		1,265,037		6,577,878		5,517,132		8,373,550		6,782,169				
Deferred inflows of																
resources																
Pension related		171,108		-		40,727		-		211,835		-				
Net position																
Net investment in																
capital assets		8,797,563		8,477,481		23,279,528		21,748,916		32,077,091		30,226,397				
Restricted		2,117,207		3,201,828		-		-		2,117,207		3,201,828				
Unrestricted		12,228,494		10,103,337		6,951,289		6,583,724		19,179,783		16,687,061				
Total net position	\$	23,143,264	\$	21,782,646	\$	30,230,817	\$	28,332,640	\$	53,374,081	\$	50,115,286				

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position (60.1%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

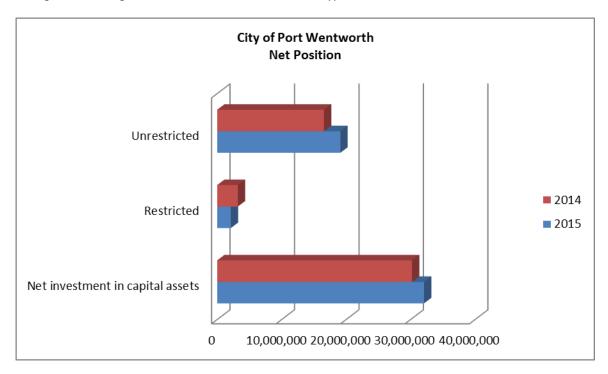
An additional portion of the City's net position (3.97%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$19,179,783 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City was able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The

Management's Discussion and Analysis

same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The City's overall net position increased from the prior fiscal year. The reasons for this overall change are discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.



Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for the governmental activities increased \$1,360,618 from the prior year for an ending balance of \$23,143,264. (Note that prior year net position was restated by \$60,392 for net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions due to the implementation of GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". See notes to the basic financial statements for more information regarding net pension liability and related accounts beginning on page D–29.) Reasons for the overall increase in net position include 12.8% more in tax revenues earned, 20.7% greater program revenues from charges for services, and 70.5% more monies received for the City's share of SPLOST collections. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the county began collecting and distributing collections from the 2014 SPLOST referendum. The Capital Projects Fund used most of these SPLOST revenues to finance infrastructural improvements primarily to the City's downtown sewer systems. At year end, these capital outlays were transferred to the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund.

Business-type Activities. For the City's business-type activities, the results for the current fiscal year were positive in that overall net position increased to reach an ending balance of \$30,230,817. The total increase in net position for business-type activities (water, sewer and wastewater treatment) was \$1,898,177. (Note that prior year net position was restated by \$14,382 for net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions due to the implementation of GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". See notes beginning on page D–29.) The primary reason net position increased for business-type activities was the transfers of capital outlays from the Capital Projects Fund as noted above. Prior to the interfund transfer, change in net position for business-type activities was negative. Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund program expenses exceeded revenues by \$145,763 in the current fiscal year while the fund had program revenues greater than expenses in prior year of \$831,124. The major difference between current and prior year revenues was aid-to-construction earnings which were \$561,686 lower in the current year.

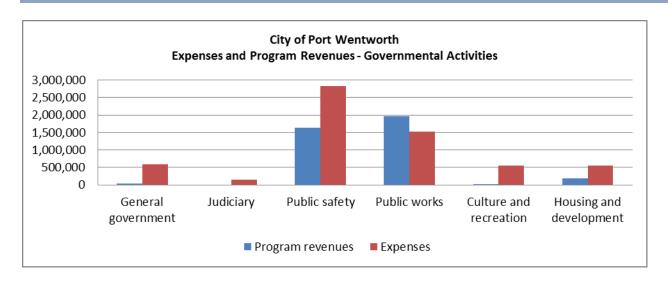
Management's Discussion and Analysis

City of Port Wentworth's Change in Net Position

		Governme	ntal	activities	_	Business-	type	activities		Total	<u> </u>
	_	2015		2014		2015	_	2014	2015		2014
Revenues:	_									_	
Program revenues											
Charges for services	\$	2,768,582	\$	2,294,411	\$	2,640,802	\$	2,711,568	\$ 5,409,384	\$	5,005,979
Operating grants and											
contributions		52,943		62,588		-		-	52,943		62,588
Capital grants and											
contributions		1,008,942		646,579		490,881		1,206,031	1,499,823		1,852,610
General revenues											
Property taxes		2,417,026		2,137,730		-		-	2,417,026		2,137,730
Sales taxes		1,666,385		1,544,295		-		-	1,666,385		1,544,295
Selective sales and use											
taxes		1,029,201		875,057		-		-	1,029,201		875,057
Business taxes		375,991		358,333		-		-	375,991		358,333
Unrestricted investment											
earnings		15,954		11,766		17,087		14,438	33,041		26,204
Loss on disposition of											
capital assets		(6,483)		-		(1,650)		-	(8,133)		
Miscellaneous		66,840		27,153		84,645		76,568	151,485		103,721
Total revenues		9,395,381		7,957,912		3,231,765		4,008,605	12,627,146		11,966,517
Expenses:											
General government		585,200		539,215		-		-	585,200		539,215
Judiciary		144,817		136,874		-		-	144,817		136,874
Public safety		2,760,694		2,787,198		-		-	2,760,694		2,787,198
Public works		1,507,712		1,315,206		-		-	1,507,712		1,315,206
Culture and recreation		540,278		454,501		-		-	540,278		454,501
Housing and development		552,204		481,375		-		-	552,204		481,375
Water and sewer		-		-		3,277,446		3,086,475	3,277,446		3,086,475
Total expenses		6,090,905		5,714,369		3,277,446		3,086,475	9,368,351		8,800,844
Increase (decrease) in net											
position before transfers		3,304,476		2,243,543		(45,681)		922,130	3,258,795		3,165,673
Transfers		(1,943,858)		(70,696)		1,943,858		70,696	-		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u></u>		-		-		-			
Increase (decrease) in net											
position		1,360,618		2,172,847		1,898,177		992,826	3,258,795		3,165,673
Net position, beginning,											
restated *		21,782,646		19,549,407		28,332,640		27,325,432	50,115,286		46,874,839
Alek eresteler eresteler	_	22 4 42 26 4		24 722 25 4		20 220 017		20 240 250	F2 274 004	.	E0 040 E4
Net position, ending	\$	23,143,264	\$	21,722,254	\$	30,230,817	\$	28,318,258	\$ 53,374,081	\$	50,040,51

^{*}Note: beginning net position was restated for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 related to net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources as related to pensions based on the implementation of GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions"; however, net position was not restated for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 due to unavailability of information related to prior years' pension activity.

Management's Discussion and Analysis



Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City's Council.

At June 30, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$13,983,160, an increase of \$1,012,866 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately, 67.2% of this amount (\$9,389,661) constituted unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance was either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form (\$162,343), 2)legally required to be maintained intact (none), 3) restricted for particular purposes (\$2,117,207), 4) committed for particular purposes (none), or 5) assigned for particular purposes (\$2,313,949).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$9,389,661, while total fund balance increased to \$11,865,953. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represented approximately 157 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represented approximately 199 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$2,097,487 during the current fiscal year. As discussed earlier in connection with governmental activities, the increase was due to greater property, sales, and business tax collections as well as charges for services.

The Capital Projects Fund, a major fund, had a \$1,083,540 decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year resulting in an ending restricted fund balance of \$2,113,761. The restriction to fund balance was due to the spending constraints placed on uses of SPLOST revenues. The decrease in fund balance resulted from capital outlays in excess of

Management's Discussion and Analysis

tax revenues. The City engaged in significant infrastructure improvements of its sewer systems in the current fiscal year as well.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund at the end of the year was \$6,951,289 and net position for net investment in capital assets was \$23,279,528. The total growth in net position was \$1,898,177. As noted earlier in the discussion of business-type activities, the increase for the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund was primarily due to capital contributions from the Capital Projects Fund. Charges for services were approximately the same as the prior year while operating expenses increased in the current year with the greatest increases in sewer supplies and wastewater treatment purchased and contracted services.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015, totaled \$37,583,392 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets included land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, park facilities, streets and roads, infrastructures, and the waste water treatment plant. The total increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year was approximately \$2,859,000.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Police vehicle purchases
- Street and road improvements
- Downtown sewer system improvements
- Water tank construction activities

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 2C on pages D-24 – D-26.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$5,506,301. The City's total debt increased by \$1,007,973 during the current fiscal year. The reason for the increase was the issuance of \$1,185,637 from GEFA to fund construction of a new water tank. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 2E on pages D-27 – D-29.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget. The overall operations of the City are similar to directing a large multimillion dollar business. Budget amendments are approved throughout the year to more accurately reflect the ongoing changes and to abide by state laws. The original budget was adopted on June 30, 2014, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

During the year, no significant amendments were made to the budget, although there were supplemental appropriation increases totaling \$91,498 between the original and final amended budget. The supplemental appropriations were mainly obtained to fund additional personal services, employee benefits, professional services, and insurance.

The budgetary comparison schedule of the General Fund provided as required supplementary information other than MD&A can be found beginning on page E-1.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Final budget compared to actual results. The most significant differences between estimated revenues and actual revenues were as follows:

Revenue source	E	stimated revenues	Actual revenues	Difference
Taxes	\$	4,179,710	\$ 4,713,858	\$ 534,148
Charges for services		1,141,300	1,294,050	152,750
Fines and forfeitures		871,000	1,281,421	410,421

Most revenue sources were greater than expected due to the City's population growth. In addition, the City received a greater percent share of county-wide local option sales tax in a re-negotiated arrangement the county.

A review of actual expenditures compared to the appropriations in the final budget shows departmental expenditures that were \$1,082,250 under budget. Police, Fire and Streets and Highway had the most favorable variance between appropriations and actual expenditures, especially since gas and oil, insurance, and repairs and maintenance costs were lower than expected.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

General Fund. The City has adopted a General Fund budget of \$8,735,673 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. The budget was based on the following expectations:

- Local option sales tax will continue to be the single largest source of operating revenue budgeted at \$1,560,000. This will be the second year of receiving an increased share of county-wide sales tax.
- Property taxes are expected to increase as City population continues to grow. In anticipation of property tax digest growth, City Council adopted a rollback millage rate of 4.711.
- \$1,694,853 from unassigned fund balance will be used in fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, to fund major road repairs, other capital projects, and economic development initiatives.

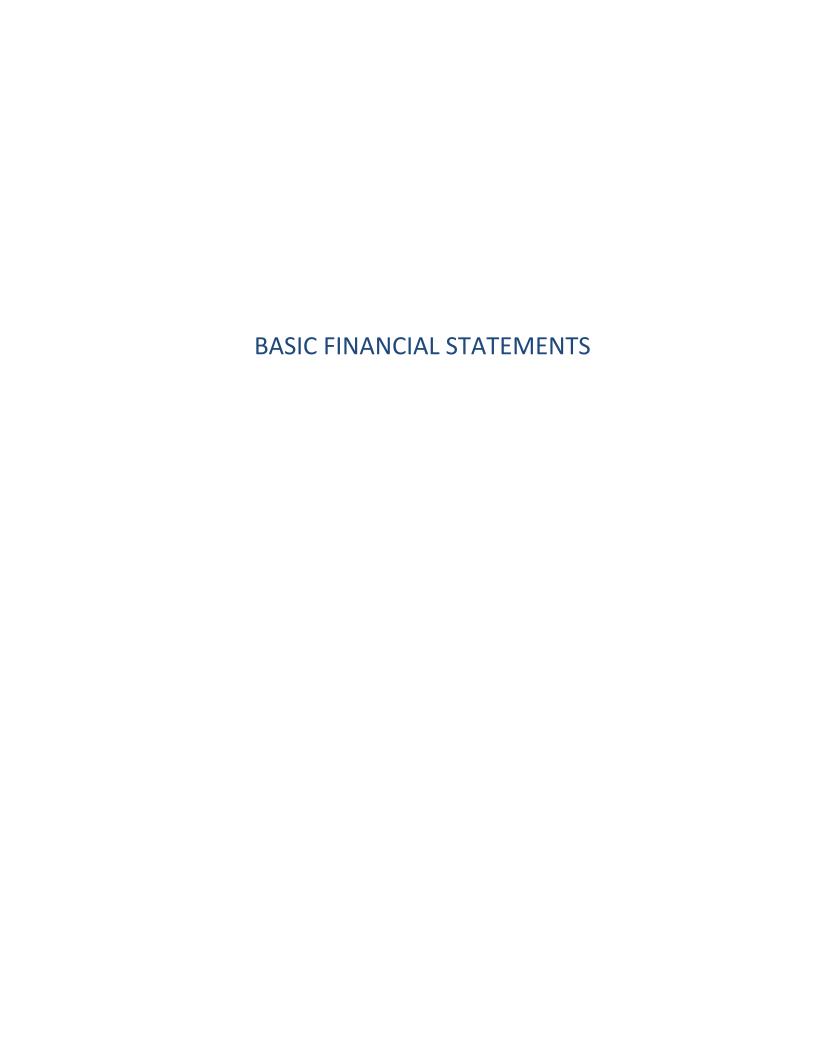
Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund. Although not required to budget enterprise fund activity, the City also adopted a \$5,184,376 Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund budget. Charges for services are the largest sources of revenue for the fund. With new growth and service connections and an annual 2.5% water and sewer rate increase; revenues are anticipated to increase slightly.

The budget included the following expenditure expectations:

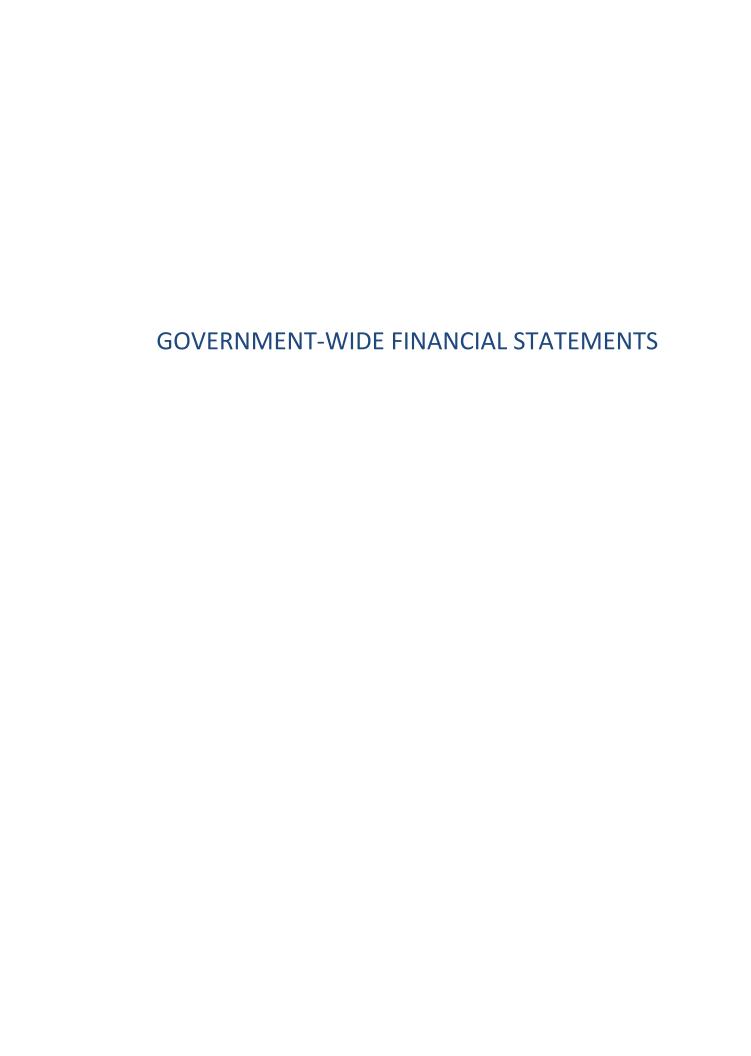
- The largest single expenditure in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, will be the completion of a new 500,000 gallon water tank to provide improved fire protection to the northern section of the City with a total budgeted amount of \$1,874,086.
- As the City grows and the Georgia Environmental Protection Division continues to cut the City's groundwater withdrawal permit from the Floridian Aquifer, the City must continue to purchase additional water from the City of Savannah which is budgeted at \$475,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.
- Debt service from water and sewer main extension and the wastewater treatment plant is budgeted at \$416,794. This excludes future debt service requirements of the water tank construction loan that are not due until the earlier of completion date or March 1, 2017.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview for the governmental operations of the City of Port Wentworth. It is designed for anyone with an interest in our government's finances and management. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information may be addressed to the City of Port Wentworth, City Administrator, 305 South Coastal Highway, Port Wentworth, Georgia 31407.









Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

		Governmental		Business- Type		
	_	Activities		Activities	-	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,687,338	\$	7,315,630	\$	
Receivables		1,055,819		240,090		1,295,909
Internal balances		80,485		(80,485)		-
Prepaid items		162,343		99,156		261,499
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		41,764		421,423		463,187
Capital assets						
Land, improvements, and construction in						
progress		986,157		2,796,877		3,783,034
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		7,811,406		25,988,952		33,800,358
Long-term asset						
Net pension assets (liabilities)		181,990		43,318		225,308
			_			
Total assets		25,007,302		36,824,961		61,832,263
	_					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related		102,742		24,461		127,203
					_	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		974,025		437,094		1,411,119
Other accrued liabilities		123,045		192,838		315,883
Unearned revenue		540,499		-		540,499
Customer deposits		38,318		421,423		459,741
Long-term liabilities						
Due within one year						
Notes and loans payable		-		185,958		185,958
Compensated absences		65,917		11,471		77,388
Due in more than one year				,		,
Notes and loans payable		_		5,320,343		5,320,343
Compensated absences		53,868		8,751		62,619
	_			5,: 5 =	_	
Total liabilities		1,795,672		6,577,878		8,373,550
	_	_,:::,::		5,511,515	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension related		171,108		40,727		211,835
	_	,	_		_	
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		8,797,563		23,279,528		32,077,091
Restricted for:		=,: =: ,= 30		-,,0		- //
Capital projects		2,113,761		_		2,113,761
Confiscated assets		3,446		_		3,446
Unrestricted		12,228,494		6,951,289		19,179,783
ocouloccu	-	12,220,434		0,331,203	-	13,113,103
Total net position	\$_	23,143,264	\$_	30,230,817	\$	53,374,081

				Program Revenues								
	_	Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS												
Governmental activities	_		_		_		_					
General government	\$	585,200	\$	33,749	\$	-	\$	-				
Judiciary		144,817		-		-		-				
Public safety		2,760,694		1,577,991		52,943		-				
Public works		1,507,712		956,050		-		1,008,942				
Culture and recreation		540,278		16,357		-		-				
Housing and development	_	552,204		184,435		-	-					
Total governmental activities	_	6,090,905		2,768,582		52,943	· -	1,008,942				
Business-type activity												
Water and sewer	_	3,277,446		2,640,802		-		490,881				
Total	\$	9,368,351	\$	5,409,384	\$	52,943	\$	1,499,823				

GENERAL REVENUES

Taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Sales taxes for general purposes

Selective sales and use taxes

Business taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain (loss) on disposition of capital assets

Miscellaneous

TRANSFERS

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning (restated)

Net position, ending

Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2015

Net (Expense) Re	veni	ue and Changes in I	Net I	Position
		Business-		
Governmental		Type		
Activities		Activities		Total
			•	
\$ (551,451)	\$	-	\$	(551,451)
(144,817)		-		(144,817)
(1,129,760)		-		(1,129,760)
457,280		-		457,280
(523,921)		_		(523,921)
(367,769)				(367,769)
(2,260,438)				(2,260,438)
<u>-</u>		(145,763)		(145,763)
(2,260,438)		(145,763)		(2,406,201)
2,417,026		-		2,417,026
1,666,385		-		1,666,385
1,029,201		-		1,029,201
375,991		-		375,991
15,954		17,087		33,041
(6,483)		(1,650)		(8,133)
66,840		84,645		151,485
(1,943,858)		1,943,858		
3,621,056	i	2,043,940		5,664,996
1,360,618		1,898,177		3,258,795
21,782,646		28,332,640		50,115,286
\$ 23,143,264	\$	30,230,817	\$	53,374,081



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Balance Sheets June 30, 2015

		General		Capital Projects	_	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	-	Other Governmental Funds	 Total Government Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	12,484,504 \$		2,202,171	\$		\$	-	\$ 14,687,338
Receivables		887,801		96,036		71,982		-	1,055,819
Due from other funds		116,815		-		-		-	116,815
Prepaid items		162,343		-		-		-	162,343
Restricted cash and									
investments		38,318		-	-	-	-	3,446	 41,764
Total assets	\$	13,689,781 \$		2,298,207	\$_	72,645	\$	3,446	\$ 16,064,079
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLO		RESOURCES, AND	FUI	ND BALANCES					
Accounts payable	\$	753,264	\$	184,446	\$	36,315	\$	-	\$ 974,025
Other accrued liabilities		123,045		-		-		-	123,045
Due to other funds		-		-		36,330		-	36,330
Customer deposits		38,318		-		-		-	38,318
Unearned revenue	-	540,499	-	-	-	-	-		 540,499
Total liabilities	-	1,455,126	_	184,446	-	72,645	_		 1,712,217
Deferred inflows of resources									
Unavailable revenue-taxes	_	368,702	_	-	_		_		 368,702
Total deferred inflows of									
resources	-	368,702	_	-	-		_		 368,702
Fund balances									
Nonspendable prepaid items Restricted		162,343		-		-		-	162,343
Capital projects funds		-		2,113,761		-		-	2,113,761
Confiscated assets funds		-		-		-		3,446	3,446
Assigned									
Capital asset replacement		619,096		-		-		-	619,096
Subsequent year's budget		1,694,853		-		-		-	1,694,853
Unassigned	-	9,389,661	_	-	_		_		 9,389,661
Total fund balances	-	11,865,953	_	2,113,761	_		_	3,446	 13,983,160
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and									

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances To Net Position of Governmental Activities Year ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position differ from the amounts reported on the balance sheets for governmental funds because:		
Total fund balances for governmental activities	\$	13,983,160
The net pension asset is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		181,990
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds (net of accumulated depreciation of \$6,213,113)		8,797,563
Revenues (deferred taxes) in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the funds: Property, sales and franchise taxes levied, but unavailable for use		368,702
Long-term and related liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet: Compensated absences		(119,785)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future peric and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	ods	
Deferred outflows related to pensions		102,742
Deferred inflows related to pensions		(171,108)

Net position of governmental activities

23,143,264

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year ended June 30, 2015

	General		Capital Projects	_	Hotel/ Motel Tax Fund	Other Governmental Fund	 Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 4,713,85	8 \$	-	\$	803,357 \$	-	\$ 5,517,215
Licenses and permits	193,11		-		-	-	193,111
Intergovernmental	106,50		941,219		-	-	1,047,724
Charges for services	1,294,05		-		-	-	1,294,050
Fines and forfeitures	1,281,42		-		-	6,969	1,288,390
Investment income	15,94		7,192		8	-	23,146
Miscellaneous	50,63	0	-	_	<u>-</u>		 50,630
Total revenues	7,655,52	1	948,411	_	803,365	6,969	 9,414,266
EXPENDITURES							
Current	604.03	_					604.027
General government	604,93		-		-	-	604,937
Judiciary	147,79		-		-	- 0.005	147,796
Public safety	2,667,90		-		-	8,095	2,676,000
Public works	1,920,37		-		-	-	1,920,379
Culture and recreation	484,62		-		-	-	484,626
Housing and development	150,31	9	2 021 051		-	-	150,319
Capital outlay		-	2,031,951		-	-	2,031,951
Intergovernmental assistance		-	-		401,602	-	401,602
Total expenditures	5,975,96	2	2,031,951		401,602	8,095	8,417,610
Excess of revenues over							
expenditures	1,679,55	9	(1,083,540)		401,763	(1,126)	996,656
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	401,76	3	-		-	45	401,808
Transfers out	(4.		-		(401,763)	-	(401,808)
Insurance recoveries	16,21		-		-	-	16,210
Total other financing sources				_	-		 •
(uses)	417,92	8		_	(401,763)	45	 16,210
Net change in fund balances Fund balances, beginning of	2,097,48	7	(1,083,540)		-	(1,081)	1,012,866
year	9,768,46	6	3,197,301	_	<u> </u>	4,527	 12,970,294
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 11,865,95	3 \$	2,113,761	\$_	- \$	3,446	\$ 13,983,160

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balance – total government funds		\$ 1,012,866
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital assets reported as capital outlay in governmental funds Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities	\$ 985,850 (655,286)	330,564
The effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets: Loss on disposal of capital assets Transfer-out of a parcel of land to Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund		(6,482) (4,000)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the statement of activities when earned. Deferred taxes		(28,612)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences		3,050
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. Pension expense		53,232
Change in net position – statement of activities		\$ 1,360,618

Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and investments	\$	7,315,630
Accounts receivable, net		240,090
Prepaid items		99,156
Restricted cash and investments	-	421,423
Total current assets	-	8,076,299
Capital assets		
Land, improvements, and construction in progress		2,796,877
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		25,988,952
	_	
Total capital assets	-	28,785,829
Non-current assets		
Net pension liability	-	43,318
Total assets	_	36,905,446
DESCRIPTION OF DESCRIPTION		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		24.464
Pension related	-	24,461
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable		437,094
Accrued expenses		192,838
Due to other funds		80,485
Customer deposits		421,423
Compensated absences		11,471
Notes and loans payable	_	185,958
Total current liabilities	_	1,329,269
Non-current liabilities		
Compensated absences		8,751
Notes and loans payable		5,320,343
Thousand found payable	-	3,323,313
Total non-current liabilities	-	5,329,094
Total liabilities	_	6,658,363
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related	-	40,727
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		23,279,528
Unrestricted	-	6,951,289
Total net position	\$	30,230,817
	-	

Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Year ended June 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUES		
Charges for services	\$	2,592,765
Connection fees		48,037
Miscellaneous		84,645
Total operating revenues		2,725,447
	_	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Sewer Department		
Personal services and employee benefits		122,067
Purchased and contracted services		196,083
Supplies		308,700
Depreciation		412,100
Total operating expenses, Sewer		1,038,950
Water Department		
Personal services and employee benefits		194,027
Purchased and contracted services		112,388
Supplies		456,554
Depreciation		241,965
Total operating expenses, Water		1,004,934
Wastewater Treatment Department		
Personal services and employee benefits		178,434
Purchased and contracted services		257,806
Supplies		311,574
Depreciation		338,574
Total operating expenses, Wastewater Treatment		1,086,388
Total operating expenses	_	3,130,272
Operating loss	_	(404,825)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Loss on disposition of capital assets		(1,650)
Interest income		17,087
Interest expense		(147,174)
Total non-operating expenses, net		(131,737)

Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position (cont.)
Year ended June 30, 2015

Loss before capital contributions and transfers Capital contributions	(536,562) 2,434,739
Change in net position	1,898,177
Net position, beginning of year, restated	28,332,640
Net position, end of year	\$ 30,230,817

Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year ended June 30, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from customers	\$	2,835,521
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,640,355)
Cash payments to employees for services	_	(686,077)
Net cash provided by operating activities		509,089
CASH FLOW FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Decrease in interfund advances	_	(32,884)
Net cash used for non-capital financing activities	_	(32,884)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from long-term debt		1,185,637
Principal paid on long-term debt		(177,664)
Interest paid on long-term debt		(146,731)
Aid to construction		444,345
Capital grants		46,536
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	_	(1,404,471)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	_	(52,348)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest on investments	_	17,087
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	17,087
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		440,944
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		7,296,109
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	7,737,053
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating loss	\$	(404,825)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities	· _	(101,023)
Depreciation		992,639
Pension expense		(12,670)
Changes in assets and liabilities		, , ,
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		60,645
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(4,895)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(173,276)
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		52,179
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	_	(708)
Total adjustments	_	913,914
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	509,089

Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows (cont.) Year ended June 30, 2015

NON-CASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital assets constructed or acquired with SPLOST resources Capital assets transferred from General Fund Pension expense adjustment related to GASB Statement 68 adoption	\$ 1,939,858 4,000 12,670
Total non-cash capital and related financing activities	\$ 1,956,528

Fiduciary Fund – Agency Fund Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2015

	_	Municipal Court Fund
ASSET		
Cash	\$ _	75,296
Total asset	=	75,296
LIABILITY		
Due to others	-	75,296
Total liability	\$ _	75,296

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies The financial statements of the City of Port Wentworth (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described below:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City was founded in 1733 and incorporated in 1957 and operates under the laws of the State of Georgia applicable to municipal corporations. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. When there is significant component unit activity or assets, the discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements (see note below for description) to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government.

The City's primary government major operations include general administrative functions, police and fire protection, street construction and maintenance, sanitation services, culture and recreation, planning and zoning, and water and sewer services. The City has no blended component units.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from its legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or activity is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

L. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year of which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within thirty (30) days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated within the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Fiduciary (agency) funds are used to report assets held in an agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support City programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency funds report only assets and liabilities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund The government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Capital Projects Capital Projects Fund The fund that accounts for the City's share of
 the special purpose local option sales tax (SPLOST) proceeds which are restricted for the
 acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.
- Special Revenue Hotel/Motel Tax Fund The fund that accounts for proceeds of the lodging tax that are restricted by local ordinance for the promotion of convention and tourism.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

 Enterprise - Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund - The fund operates the water distribution system, the sewer treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (cont.)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

 Agency Fund - Municipal Court Fund - The Municipal Court Fund accounts on a temporary basis for fines collected by the municipal court that ultimately are transmitted to the General Fund.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund also recognizes as revenue the portion of the tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund include the cost of sales and service, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equities

1. Cash and investment

The City's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government and agencies or corporations of the U.S. Government; obligations of any state; obligations of any political subdivision of any state; certificates of deposit or time deposits of any national state bank or savings and loan which have deposits insured by the FDIC and FSLIC; prime bankers acceptances, repurchase agreements; and the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Georgia (Georgia Fund 1).

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. The City invested funds in Georgia Fund 1, a local government investment pool. Georgia Fund 1 is managed by the office of the State Treasurer under Georgia Law (OCGA 36-83-8). The pool operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of pool shares (\$1 per share value).

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal period are referred to as either "due from/to other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances from/to other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due from/to other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equities (cont.)

2. Receivables and payables (cont.)

reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent accounts receivables based on prior credit experience are provided for by an allowance for uncollectibles. The General Fund sanitation allowance for uncollectibles is \$46,100 and the water and sewer enterprise fund allowance for uncollectibles is \$138,300 at June 30, 2015.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed on the same day. A millage rate of 4.711 mills was adopted on June 26, 2014. The tax levy is divided into two billings: the first billing (mailed April 30th) is an estimate of the current year's levy based on the prior year's taxes; the second billing (mailed October 31st) reflects adjustments to the current year's actual levy. The billings are considered past due 60 days after the second tax billing date at which time the applicable property is subject to lien and penalties and interest are assessed.

3. Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items using the consumption method are reported as assets and are recognized as expenditures when used.

4. Restricted assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their uses change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or laws of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted assets in the General Fund and the Water and Sewer Enterprise Funds represent cash and cash equivalents set aside for repayment of sanitation cart deposits and water utility deposits to customers. A sinking fund account is also set up for the USDA loan to hold the required reserve as established by USDA.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of general infrastructure assets subsequent to July 1, 2003 are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements regardless of their amount. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003 are not reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equities (cont.)

5. Capital assets (cont.)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are reported at their fair value as of the date received. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

All capital assets are depreciated, except for land and construction in progress. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation for governmental and business-type activities is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Infrastructure	20 - 50
Machinery and equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	3 - 8

6. Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused personal time off. All personal time off (when material) is accrued when incurred in the governmental-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. No liability is recorded in the government fund statements unless the amount is due and payable at year-end.

7. Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or business-type activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net pension liability as required with the adoption of GASB Statement 68 is included with long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements. Negative net pension liability is shown as a long-term asset.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equities (cont.)

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia Municipal Employers Benefit System (GMEBS) and additions to/deductions from GMEBS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by GMEBS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are recorded at fair value.

9. Fund equity

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components in the **government-wide financial statements.**

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> consists of all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

In the *fund financial statements*, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The <u>nonspendable fund balance</u> classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> reflects constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. For example, the Capital Projects fund balance is restricted due to legislation on uses of SPLOST revenues and the Confiscated Assets fund balance is restricted by federal and state mandates of uses of federal and state seized property.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the City Council, the government's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equities (cont.)

9. Fund equity (cont.)

to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City's fund balance policy authorized the City Administrator or authorized designee to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The City Council may also assign fund balance when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources – committed, assigned, and unassigned – in order as needed.

10. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the related notes. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

11. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, <u>deferred outflows of resources</u>, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, <u>deferred inflows of resources</u>, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has one type of this item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, <u>unavailable revenue</u>, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property and franchise taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The government-wide statements and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements have an additional deferred inflow not reported on the modified accrual basis. This item, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, results from

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equities (cont.)

11. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources (cont.)

changes in net pension liability not included in pension expense due to effects in actuarial differences, changes in assumptions, and differences between actual and projected earnings on plan investments.

2. Detailed Notes on all Funds

A. Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the City had the following investments:

Investment	Maturities	Fair Value
Georgia Fund I (Local Government Investment Pool)	Less than 1 Year	\$ 6,068,183

Interest rate risk – the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk – the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices from those authorized and listed in Note 1.D.1. As of June 30, 2015, the City's investment in the Georgia Fund I was rated AAAf by Standards & Poor's.

The carrying amount of the City's cash and investments totaled \$22,541,451 on June 30, 2015 as summarized below (by type and by balance sheet classification):

Accounts by Type	 June 30, 2015
Deposits	\$ 16,472,468
Investments	6,068,183
Petty cash funds	800
Total carrying value of cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,541,451
Accounts by Balance Sheet Classification	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,002,968
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	463,187
Agency fund cash	75,296
Total carrying value of cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,541,451

Custodial credit risk - the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) Section 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by a surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the fair value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000. The City has no custodial credit risk policy that would require additional collateral

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

2. Detailed Notes on all Funds (cont.)

A. Cash and Investments (cont.)

requirements. At June 30, 2015, 100% of the City's deposits were insured or collateralized with securities held by the City, an agent in the name of the City, or securities pledged by financial institutions in the name of the City.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectibles, are as follows:

June 20, 2015		General	-	Capital Projects		Hotel/ Motel Tax Fund	. <u>-</u>	Water and Sewer		Total
Receivables										
Taxes	\$	451,058	\$	-	\$	71,982	\$	-	\$	523,040
Accounts		119,327		-		-		378,390		497,717
Intergovernmental	_	363,516	_	96,036	_	-	_	-	_	459,552
Gross receivable		933,901		96,036		71,982		378,390		1,480,309
Allowance for										
uncollectibles	_	(46,100)		-		-		(138,300)		(184,400)
Total net receivables	\$_	887,801	\$	96,036	\$	71,982	\$	240,090	\$	1,295,909

Substantially all receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

Governmental funds report unearned and unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Taxes are due and payable when levied. Liens may be placed on property once the related tax payments become delinquent. A lien on such property becomes enforceable 60 days after final notification on delinquency of property taxes. Due to the liens on the delinquent property tax accounts, no allowance amount has been established. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned and unavailable revenue reported in the General Fund were as follows:

June 30, 2015		Unavailable		Unearned	and Unavailable
2015 Property tax collection	\$	-	\$	540,499	\$ 540,499
Delinquent property taxes receivable Franchise taxes receivable	_	13,412 355,290	· -	-	 13,412 355,290
	\$	368,702	\$	540,499	\$ 909,201

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

2. Detailed Notes on all Funds (cont.)

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities						
Non-depreciable assets						
Land	\$ 538,858	\$		\$ -	\$ (4,000)	\$ 534,858
Construction in progress	1,100		745,848		(295,649)	451,299
Total capital assets not being depreciated	539,958		745,848		(299,649)	986,157
<u>Depreciable assets</u> Building and						
improvements	2,776,936		74,604	-	-	2,851,540
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, restated	3,841,642		165,398	(136,013)	-	3,871,027
Infrastructure, restated	7,006,303		-	-	295,649	7,301,952
Subtotals depreciable assets	13,624,881	•	240,002	(136,013)	295,649	14,024,519
Accumulated depreciation						
Building and improvements Machinery, equipment	(1,329,985)		(90,878)	-	-	(1,420,863)
and vehicles	(2,843,566)		(309,259)	129,531	-	(3,023,294)
Infrastructure	(1,513,807)		(255,149)			(1,768,956)
Subtotals accumulated depreciation	(5,687,358)		(655,286)	129,531		(6,213,113)
Total capital assets being depreciation, net	7,937,523		(415,284)	(6,482)	295,649	7,811,406
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,477,481	\$	330,564	\$ (6,482)	\$ (4,000)	\$ 8,797,563

Beginning balances of machinery, equipment and vehicles and infrastructure are restated to correct an error on prior year notes to the basic financial statement. Increases for the year ended June 30, 2014 in these asset categories were reversed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

2. Detailed Notes on all Funds (cont.)

C. Capital Assets (cont.)

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases		Transfers		Ending Balance
Business-type activities					-			
Non-depreciable assets								
Land	\$	236,232	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,000	\$	240,232
Construction in progress		174,256	3,485,983	-	_	(1,103,594)		2,556,645
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated		410,488	3,485,983	-		(1,099,594)		2,796,877
Depreciable assets								
Building and								
improvements Machinery, equipment		37,808	-	-		-		37,808
and vehicles		365,269	28,823	(19,289)		-		374,803
Infrastructure		32,435,640	14,068	(34,750)		1,103,594		33,518,552
Subtotals depreciable	•				-	•		
assets		32,838,717	42,891	(54,039)	-	1,103,594		33,931,163
Accumulated depreciation								
Building and			4					4
improvements Machinery, equipment		(19,123)	(981)	-		-		(20,104)
and vehicles		(225,470)	(27,427)	17,639		_		(235,258)
Infrastructure		(6,757,368)	(964,231)	34,750		_		(7,686,849)
Subtotals accumulated	•				-		•	
depreciation		(7,001,961)	(992,639)	52,389	_	-		(7,942,211)
Total capital assets being depreciation, net		25,836,756	(949,748)	(1,650)		1,103,594		25,988,952
depreciation, net		23,630,730	(343,746)	(1,030)	-	1,105,594	•	23,300,332
Business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$	26,247,244	\$ 2,536,235	\$ (1,650)	Ş	4,000		28,785,829
Less related long-term								
debt outstanding								(5,506,301)
Net investment in capital								
assets							\$	23,279,528

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

2. Detailed Notes on all

C. Capital Assets (cont.)

Funds (cont.) Depreciation expense was charged to governmental and business-type activities as follows:

	June 30, 2015
Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 39,125
Public safety	248,798
Public works	284,911
Culture and recreation	81,666
Housing and development	786
Total governmental activities	
depreciation expense	\$ 655,286
Business-type activities	
Sewer	\$ 412,100
Water	338,574
Wastewater treatment	241,965
Total business-type activities	
depreciation expense	\$ 992,639

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount
General Fund	Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund	\$	80,485
General Fund	Hotel/Motel Fund		36,330
			_
Total interfund receivables and	\$	116,815	

These balances represent loans between the borrower fund and the lender fund. These balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that: 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made. Interfund receivables and payables are reported in the fund financial statements; however, they are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements if the interfund loan is between governmental funds.

A summary of interfund transfers by fund type is as follows:

Transfers in	Transfers in Transfers Out		_	Amount
General Fund Confiscated Assets Fund	Hotel/Motel Tax Fund General Fund	Tax revenue distribution Purchase supplies	\$	401,763 45

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

2. Detailed Notes on all Funds (cont.)

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (cont.)

Interfund transfers are used to: 1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, 2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and 3) use unrestricted revenues collected to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements if the interfund transfer is within the governmental fund group.

E. Long-term Debt

Notes and loans payable – business-type activities

GEFA Loans - The City has entered into a loan agreement with the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA), a state agency. The GEFA makes low interest long-term loans to fund improvements to publicly owned water and sewer systems. A 5.4% GEFA loan was executed in fiscal year 2004, for \$2,091,667, with a maturity date of September 1, 2021. This loan provided funding for a new water and sewer extension.

On February 9, 2015, GEFA agreed to loan the City an additional \$2,022,000 at 3.03% to finance construction of a 500,000 gallon elevated water tank. Interest only is payable monthly until the earlier of completion of construction, March 1, 2017, or the date upon which all loan proceeds are fully disbursed. The month following this event, principal and interest will be payable monthly for twenty years. Loan closing fees associated with this loan are \$20,220 and are payable in twelve monthly installments of \$1,685 beginning April 1, 2015. As of June 30, 2015, loan advances were \$1,185,637, interest expense was \$4,946 and loan fees paid were \$5,055, all capitalized as part of water tank construction.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the GEFA loans is a follows:

		Business-Type Activities									
Year ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total					
2016	\$	132,491	\$	84,363	\$	216,854					
2017		147,148		76,905		224,053					
2018		191,603		68,446		260,049					
2019		201,087		58,962		260,049					
2020		211,035		49,014		260,049					
2021-2025		461,121		147,295		608,416					
2026-2030		298,167		97,433		395,600					
2031-2035		346,874		48,726		395,600					
2036-2040	_	140,925		4,127	<u> </u>	145,052					
	\$	2,130,451	\$	635,271	\$	2,765,722					

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

2. Detailed Notes on all Funds (cont.)

E. Long-term Debt (cont.)

USDA Loan - The City has a loan agreement with United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Development, Community Programs Division (USDA). This loan provided funding for construction of the City's wastewater treatment plant and other water and sewer capital improvements. On June 18, 2012, the 2.75% loan was executed at \$3,527,716, with a maturity date of June 18, 2052. A sinking fund account is set up for the loan to hold the required reserved as established by USDA. As of June 30, 2015, the account had a balance of \$764,204. This amount is accounted for in the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund cash and investments balance.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the USDA loan is as follows:

Year ending June 30,		Principal	Interest		Total
2016	\$	53,467	\$ 92,165	\$	145,632
2017		54,956	90,676		145,632
2018		56,486	89,146		145,632
2019		58,059	87,573		145,632
2020		59,676	85,956		145,632
2021-2025		324,255	403,905		728,160
2026-2030		371,992	356,168		728,160
2031-2035		426,757	301,403		728,160
2036-2040		489,585	238,575		728,160
2041-2045		561,662	166,498		728,160
2046-2050		644,351	83,809		728,160
2051-2052		274,604	7,701		282,305

2,003,575 \$

3,375,850 \$

Changes in long-term liabilities:

	Outstanding 07/01/2014	Increase		Decrease	Outstanding 06/30/2015	Due within One Year
Governmental activities Compensated						
absences	\$ 122,835	\$ 132,719	\$	135,769	\$ 119,785	\$ 65,917
Total governmental activities	\$ 122,835	\$ 132,719	\$	135,769	\$ 119,785	\$ 65,917
Business-type activities						
Loans payable	\$ 4,498,328	\$ 1,185,637	\$	177,664	\$ 5,506,301	\$ 185,958
Compensated absences	20,930	22,171		22,879	20,222	11,471
Total business-type activities	\$ 4,519,258	\$ 1,207,808	\$_	200,543	\$ 5,526,523	\$ 197,429

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Detailed Notes on all Funds (cont.)

E. Long-term Debt (cont.)

For the governmental activities, long-term liabilities are generally liquidated by the General Fund. For business-type activities, long-term liabilities are liquidated by the Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund.

3. Other information

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Net Pension Liability

Plan description – The City's defined benefit pension plan, City of Port Wentworth Retirement Plan (the Plan), provides pensions for all full-time employees of the City eligible for participation in the Plan. The Plan is an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS). The Plan benefit provisions and other requirements are established and may be amended by local ordinance. Employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. The GMEBS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System, 201 Pryor Street South West, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

Benefits provided – The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to vested employees. Employees become vested after five years of service to the City. Officials are vested immediately and will receive a retirement benefit of \$10 per month per year. Effective January 1, 2015, the Plan was amended to provide for immediate participation for the City's employees. Prior to this date, any eligible employee was one who had completed one year of service. This change has no impact on service credited under the Plan and has no impact on benefits.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees (or their beneficiaries) currently receiving benefits	35
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	28
Active employees	47
Total	110

Contributions — The GMEBS board of Trustees has adopted an actuarial funding policy for determination of annual contributions and the systematic funding of liabilities arising under the Plan. The annual minimum contribution is the sum of 1) the normal cost (including administrative expenses), 2) the closed level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a period that ranges from 10 to 30 years based on the funding policy adopted by the GMEBS Board of Trustees, and 3) interest on these amounts from the valuation date to the date contributions are paid (assumed monthly). The GMEBS board of Trustees has adopted an actuarial funding policy that requires a different funding level then the state estimated minimum annual contribution in an effort to minimize fluctuations in annual contribution amounts and to accumulate sufficient funds to secure benefits under the plan. If the City contributes the recommended contribution under the GMEBS funding policy, the Plan will meet applicable state funding standards.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

3. Other Information (cont.)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Net Pension Liability (cont.)

Net pension liability – The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2015.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the January 1, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 7.75%

Projected salary increases 3.25%, plus service based merit increases

Cost of living adjustment 3.25%

Source of mortality assumptions are as follows:

Healthy RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table
Disabled RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table
Plan termination basis (all lives) 1994 Group Annuity Reserving Unisex Table

The mortality and economic actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return	Nominal Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	50.00%	5.95%	9.20%
International equity	15.00%	6.45%	9.70%
Fixed income	25.00%	1.55%	4.80%
Real estate	10.00%	3.75%	7.00%
Cash	0.00%		
	100.00%		

Discount rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

3. Other Information (cont.)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Net Pension Liability (cont.)

Changes in net pension liability are as follows:

		Total Pension Liability (TPL)		Fiduciary Net Position (FNP)		Net Pension Liability (NPL)
Balances at September 30, 2013	\$	5,563,685	\$	5,509,683	\$	54,002
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		108,484		-		108,484
Interest		422,162		-		422,162
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		(48,796)		-		(48,796)
Contributions, employer		-		128,776		(128,776)
Net investment income		-		626,007		(626,007)
Benefit payments		(232,873)		(232,873)		-
Administrative expense		-		(10,269)		10,269
Other		(16,646)		-		(16,646)
Net changes	_	232,331	_	511,641	_	(279,310)
Balances at September 30, 2014	\$	5,796,016	\$	6,021,324	\$	(225,308)

The balances at September 30, 2013 and 2014 include entry age normal liabilities calculated using ages and service amounts as of January 1, 2014 and 2015, respectively, and constitute measurements of the net pension liability for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014 and 2015, respectively.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following represents the net pension liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% point lower (6.75%) or 1.00% higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1.00%	Current	1.00%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
City's net pension liability (asset)	701,797	(225,308)	(971,483)

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued GMEBS financial report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

3. Other Information (cont.)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Net Pension Liability (cont.)

Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Service cost	\$	108,484
Interest on Total Pension Liability (TPL)		422,162
Administrative expenses		10,269
Expected return on assets		(422,569)
Expensed portion of current year period differences between expected and actual		
experience in TPL		(12,199)
Expensed portion of current year period assumptions changes		(4,160)
Expensed portion of current year period differences between projected and actual		
investment earnings	_	(40,686)
Total pension expense	\$_	61,301

At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 36,597
Changes in assumptions		-	12,486
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	162,752
The City's contribution to the pension plan subsequent to the measurement date	-	127,203	
Total deferred outflows/(inflows)	\$	127,203	\$ 211,835

The amount of deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date, \$127,203, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense for the next five years are as follows:

					Inflows		
	_	Outflows	-	Demographic	Investment	Assumption Change	Total
June 30, 2015: Beginning	\$	-	\$	(48,796)	\$ (203,438)	\$ (16,646)	\$ (268,880)
Amount recognized		-		(12,199)	(40,686)	(4,160)	(57,045)
Ending	\$	-	\$	(36,597)	\$ (162,752)	\$ (12,486)	\$ (211,835)
Recognized in F	utur	e Years:					
2016	\$	-	\$	(12,199)	\$ (40,688)	\$ (4,162)	\$ (57,049)
2017		-		(12,199)	(40,688)	(4,162)	(57,049)
2018		-		(12,199)	(40,688)	(4,162)	(57,049)
2019		-		-	(40,688)	-	(40,688)
2020		-		-	-	-	-
	\$	-	\$	(36,597)	\$ (162,752)	\$ (12,486)	\$ (211,835)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

3. Other Information (cont.)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Net Pension Liability (cont.)

The required Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of City Contributions immediately follow the notes to the financial statements.

Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund. The Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia ("Fund") was created in 1950 by the General Assembly of Georgia to provide retirement benefits to peace officers. The Fund administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Members of the Fund are employed by units of government throughout the State of Georgia. The City makes no contribution to the Fund. The State of Georgia provides nonemployer contributions to the Fund through the collection of court fines and forfeitures. A separate publicly available report can be obtained by contacting the Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund of Georgia, 1208 Greenbelt Drive, Griffin, Georgia 30224, (770) 228-8461.

Actuarial valuation date - The collective total pension liability is based upon the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.

Components of collective net pension liability – the State's proportionate share of the components of the collective net pension liability at June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Collective	Proportionate Share
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 673,658,393 (698,888,740)	\$ 260,926 (270,698)
Net pension liability	\$ (25,230,247)	\$ (9,772)

The amounts attributable to the City, as the employer, are based on the number of Fund members employed as of June 30, 2014. Since the City does not contribute directly to the fund, there is no net pension liability to be recognized by the City.

Difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments – the difference between the actual earnings on plan investments compared to the plan's expected rate of return of 7.00% is amortized over a closed period of five years. The City's proportionate share of the collective difference between projected and actual earnings for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is \$(23,892). The first year amortization, \$(4,778), is recognized as pension expense with the remaining, \$(19,114), shown as deferred inflows of resources.

Pension expense – the calculation of the pension expense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 is shown in the following table:

Service cost	\$	5,068
Interest of the total pension liability and net cash flow		17,427
Projected earnings on plan investments		(16,269)
Expensed portion of current year period differences between projected and		
actual investment earnings		(4,778)
Member contributions		(1,368)
Administrative expenses		283
Total pension expense	\$_	362

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

3. Other Information (cont.)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Net Pension Liability (cont.)

Peace Officers' Annuity and Benefit Fund (cont.)

The City has recognized as revenue an amount equal to the City's proportionate share of the collective pension expense.

Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fund. The Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fund ("Fund") was created in 1955 by an act of the General Assembly of Georgia to provide retirement benefits for qualified firefighters. The Fund administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. Any person employed as a firefighter or enrolled as a volunteer firefighter within the State of Georgia or any regular employee of the Fund is eligible for membership in the Fund. The City makes no contribution to the Fund. The State of Georgia provides nonemployer contributions to the Fund through the collection of insurance premiums tax. A separate publicly available report can be obtained by contacting the Georgia Fire Fighters' Pension Fund, 2171 East View Parkway, Conyers, Georgia 30013-5756, (770) 388-5757.

Actuarial valuation date - The collective total pension liability is based upon the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation. An expected total pension liability is determined as of June 30, 2014 using standard roll-forward techniques. The roll-forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also call service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the year, and then applies the expected single equivalent interest rate for the period.

Components of collective net pension liability – the State's proportionate share of the components of the collective net pension liability at June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Collective	State's Proportionate Share
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ -	848,313,817 (761,114,847)	\$ 643,098 (576,994)
Net pension liability	\$ _	87,198,970	\$ 66,105

The amounts attributable to the City, as the employer, are based on the number of active plan members employed by or volunteering for the City's fire department. Since the City does not contribute directly to the fund, there is no net pension liability to be recognized by the City.

Difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments – the difference between the actual earnings on plan investments compared to the plan's expected rate of return of 6.50% is amortized over a closed period of five years. The City's proportionate share of the collective difference between projected and actual earnings for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is \$52,396. The first year amortization, \$10,479, is recognized as pension expense with the remaining, \$41,917, shown as deferred inflows of resources.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

3. Other Information (cont.)

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Net Pension Liability (cont.)

Georgia Firefighters' Pension Fund (cont.)

Pension expense – the calculation of the pension expense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 is shown in the following table:

Service cost	\$ 13,562
Interest of the total pension liability and net cash flow	39,307
Projected earnings on plan investments	(32,134)
Expensed portion of current year period differences between projected and	
actual investment earnings	(10,479)
Member contributions	(2,908)
Administrative expenses	917
Other	 (413)
Total pension expense	\$ 7,852

The City has recognized as revenue an amount equal to the City's proportionate share of the collective pension expense.

B. Defined Contribution Plan

Plan description - In April 2001, the City elected to participate in the Georgia Municipal Association (GMA) 401(a) Defined Contribution Plan (the Plan). The Plan is administered by GMA. One employee is eligible to participate in the Plan. The Plan requires the City to contribute 8.2% of the eligible participant's salary (employer portion). There are no required contributions by Plan members. Contributions are 100% vested from the time credited to the participant's account and therefore, upon a participant's separation from service, there are no forfeitures of employer contributions. Plan provisions are established in the Plan Adoption Agreement and may be amended by City Council, so long as the amendment is not inconsistent with the Plan, the Internal Revenue Code or other applicable law and is approved by the trustees of the Plan. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the City paid \$5,918 to the Plan.

C. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments. As part of these risk pools, the City is required to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

3. Other Information (cont.)

C. Risk Management (cont.)

by the funds. The City pays unemployment claims to the state department of labor on a reimbursement basis. Liabilities for such claims are immaterial and are not accrued.

D. Commitments and Contingencies

The City receives a number of grants which are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors. Non-compliance with the terms and provisions of these grant agreements could result in contingent liabilities to the grantor agencies.

Various claims are pending against the City. The City attorney estimates that the potential effect of these claims net of insurance coverage would not be material in relation to the overall financial statements.

E. Membership in a Regional Commission

Under Georgia law, the City is a member of the Coastal Regional Commission of Georgia (CRC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended June 30, 2015, the City paid \$5,760 in such dues. Membership in a Regional Commission is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the CRC in Georgia. Membership in the commission currently consists of 39 members from Bryan, Bulloch, Camden, Chatham, Effingham, Glynn, Liberty, Long, McIntosh and Screven counties. Membership includes prominent elected officials from each of these counties, plus state appointed and ex-officio members. O.C.G.A. 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of a CRC. Management believes that the CRC is currently accumulating sufficient financial resources to meet its financial obligations. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center, 1181 Coastal Drive SW, Darien, GA 31305.

F. Restatement

Due to implementation of GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions", beginning net positions for both governmental and business-type activities were restated as of July 1, 2014 as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	_	Total
	\$	\$		\$	
Net position, unrestricted, beginning		21,722,254	28,318,258		50,040,512
Net pension liability		(43,620)	(10,382)		(54,002)
Deferred outflows of resources					
related to pensions		104,012	24,764		128,776
Net position, unrestricted,	-			-	
beginning, restated	\$	21,782,646 \$	28,332,640	\$	50,115,286

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER THAN MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2015

		Budgete	ed A	mounts	_			Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
REVENUES					_	. =		
Taxes	\$	4,179,710	\$	4,179,710	\$	4,713,858	\$	534,148
Licenses and permits		176,000		176,000		193,111		17,111
Intergovernmental revenues		115,908		115,908		106,505		(9,403)
Charges for services		1,141,300		1,141,300		1,294,050		152,750
Fines and forfeitures		871,000		871,000		1,281,421		410,421
Investment income		10,000		10,000		15,946		5,946
Miscellaneous	•	17,500	-	46,008	-	50,630	-	4,622
Total revenues		6,511,418	-	6,539,926	-	7,655,521	_	1,115,595
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government								
City Council		113,420		118,420		87,505		30,915
Mayor		26,505		26,505		15,199		11,306
General administration		535,800		548,790		502,233		46,557
Judicial								
Municipal court		171,930		171,930		147,796		24,134
Public safety								
Police		2,358,311		2,399,319		2,011,909		387,410
Fire		797,357		797,357		655,996		141,361
Public works								
Highways and streets		1,245,428		1,260,428		1,046,101		214,327
Storm drainage		232,232		232,232		180,113		52,119
Sanitation		775,291		775,291		694,165		81,126
Culture and recreation		540 400		520 400		404.606		25.002
Recreation		510,488		520,488		484,626		35,862
Housing and development Inspections		199,952		207,452		150,319		57,133
	•		-		-		-	
Total expenditures		6,966,714	-	7,058,212	-	5,975,962	-	1,082,250
(Deficiency) excess of revenues (under)								
over expenditures		(455,296)	-	(518,286)	-	1,679,559	_	2,197,845
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		305,296		305,296		401,763		96,467
Transfers out		(277,901)		(611,682)		(45)		611,637
Insurance recoveries	•	-	-	-	-	16,210	-	16,210
Total other financing sources (uses)		27,395	-	(306,386)	_	417,928	_	724,314
Net change in fund balance		(427,901)		(824,672)		2,097,487		2,922,159
Fund balance, beginning of year		9,768,466	-	9,768,466	_	9,768,466	-	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	9,340,565	\$	8,943,794	\$	11,865,953	\$	2,922,159

Special Revenue – Hotel/Motel Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2015

	_	Budgete	ed Aı	mounts	_			Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES							_	_
Taxes	\$	610,422	\$	803,316	\$	803,357	\$	41
Investment income	_	50		50		8	-	(42)
Total revenue	_	610,472		803,366		803,365	-	(1)
EXPENDITURES								
Intergovernmental assistance		305,176		401,603		401,602		1
G	_	·		,		,	-	
Total expenditures	_	305,176		401,603	_	401,602	_	1
- (16:) 6								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		305,296		401,763		401,763		
(under) expenditures	_	303,290		401,703		401,703	-	
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out	_	(305,296)		401,763		(401,763)		-
Total other financing uses	_	(305,296)		401,763		(401,763)	-	=
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Ç								
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	-		-		-		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information

Budgets and budgetary accounting — Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general and special revenue funds. The level of legal budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is at the department level.

Supplemental appropriations and decreases in budget appropriations were properly approved by the City Council. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the following supplemental increase and decrease in appropriations were approved:

Fund Type	_	Original Appropriation	=	Supplemental Appropriations	-	Supplemental Decreases	_	Final Appropriations
General	\$	7,244,615	\$	425,279	\$	-	\$	7,669,894
Hotel/motel tax		610,472		192,894		-		803,366
Confiscated assets		-		8,095		-		8,095

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year ended June 30,		2006	2007		2008		2009		2010
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY	_	2000	2007	-	2000		2003		2010
Service cost	\$	- \$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Interest	Ą	-	_	Ţ	_	Y	_	Ţ	_
Differences between expected & actual experience		_	_		_		_		_
Changes of assumptions		_	_		_		_		_
Changes of benefit terms		-	-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee									
contributions		-	-		-		-		-
Net change in total pension liability		_	-	_	-		-		-
Total pension liability, beginning		-	-		-		-		-
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	- \$	-
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	_					_			
Contributions, employer	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Contributions, employee		- '	-	·	-	·	-	·	-
Net investment income		-	-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee									
contributions		-	-		-		-		-
Administrative expense		-	-		-		-		-
Net change in fiduciary net position		-	-		-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning		-	-		-		-		-
Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
NET PENSION LIABILITY, ending (a) – (b)	\$ 	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	=	-
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	_					_			
total pension liability		-	-		-		-		-
Covered-employee payroll		_	-		-		-		_
Net pension liability as a percent of covered-									
employee payroll		-	-		-		-		-
Fiscal year ended June 30,		2011	2012	_	2013		2014		2015
Fiscal year ended June 30, TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY		2011	2012		2013		2014		2015
	 \$	2011 - \$	2012	\$	2013	<u> </u>	2014	 \$	2015 108,484
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest	<u> </u>		2012 - -	\$	2013 - -	<u> </u>	2014 - -	 \$	108,484 422,162
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience	\$		2012	\$	2013 - - -	<u> </u>	2014	 \$	108,484 422,162 (48,796)
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$			- <u> </u>	2013 - - -	<u> </u>	2014 - - -	-	108,484 422,162
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms	\$			\$	2013 - - - - -	<u> </u>	2014 - - - -	_	108,484 422,162 (48,796)
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	\$			\$	2013 - - - - -	\$	2014 - - - -	\$	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646)
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$			\$ \$	2013 - - - - -	\$	2014 - - - -	 \$	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) -
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability	\$			 \$	2013 - - - - - -	\$	2014 - - - -	 \$ 	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning	_			 \$ 	2013 - - - - - -	\$	2014	 \$ 	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$			\$ \$ 	2013 - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ <u></u>	2014	 \$ = \$ =	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	- \$ <u>-</u>			 - \$ -	2013 	- \$ <u>-</u>	2014	 - \$ =	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer	_			\$ -	2013	\$ - \$ - \$	2014	 \$ - \$ - \$	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee	- \$ <u>-</u>			 - \$ -	2013	- \$ <u>-</u>	2014	 - \$ =	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income	- \$ <u>-</u>			 - \$ -	2013	- \$ <u>-</u>	2014	 - \$ =	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	- \$ <u>-</u>			 - \$ -	2013	- \$ <u>-</u>	2014	 - \$ =	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	- \$ <u>-</u>			 - \$ -	2013	- \$ <u>-</u>	2014	 - \$ =	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016 128,776 - 626,007 (232,873)
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	- \$ <u>-</u>			 - \$ -	2013	- \$ <u>-</u>	2014	 - \$ =	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016 128,776 - 626,007 (232,873) (10,269)
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in fiduciary net position	- \$ <u>-</u>			 - \$ -	2013	- \$ <u>-</u>	2014	 - \$ =	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016 128,776 - 626,007 (232,873) (10,269) 511,641
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position, beginning	\$ <u></u>		- - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$	2013	- \$ <u>-</u> \$	2014	 - \$ = \$	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016 128,776 626,007 (232,873) (10,269) 511,641 5,509,683
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position, beginning Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$ \$			-	2013	- \$ <u>-</u> \$	2014	-	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016 128,776 626,007 (232,873) (10,269) 511,641 5,509,683 6,021,324
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position, beginning Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b) NET PENSION LIABILITY, ending (a) — (b)	\$ <u></u>		- - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$	2013	- \$ <u>-</u> \$	2014	 - \$ = \$	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016 128,776 626,007 (232,873) (10,269) 511,641 5,509,683
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position, beginning Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b) NET PENSION LIABILITY, ending (a) — (b) Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	\$ \$		- - - - - - - - - - - -	-	2013	- \$ <u>-</u> \$	2014	-	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016 128,776 - 626,007 (232,873) (10,269) 511,641 5,509,683 6,021,324 (225,308)
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position, beginning Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b) NET PENSION LIABILITY, ending (a) — (b) Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	\$ \$		- - - - - - - - - - - -	-	2013	- \$ <u>-</u> \$	2014	-	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016 128,776 626,007 (232,873) (10,269) 511,641 5,509,683 6,021,324 (225,308)
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position, beginning Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b) NET PENSION LIABILITY, ending (a) — (b) Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability Covered-employee payroll	\$ \$		- - - - - - - - - - - -	-	2013	- \$ <u>-</u> \$	2014	-	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) - (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016 128,776 - 626,007 (232,873) (10,269) 511,641 5,509,683 6,021,324 (225,308)
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest Differences between expected & actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability, beginning Total pension liability, ending (a) PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position, beginning Plan fiduciary net position, ending (b) NET PENSION LIABILITY, ending (a) — (b) Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	\$ \$		- - - - - - - - - - - -	-	2013	- \$ <u>-</u> \$	2014	-	108,484 422,162 (48,796) (16,646) (232,873) 232,331 5,563,685 5,796,016 128,776 626,007 (232,873) (10,269) 511,641 5,509,683 6,021,324 (225,308)

NOTE: Historical information prior to implementation of GASB 68 is not required.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year ended June 30,	_	2006		2007	_	2008		2009	_	2010
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$. <u>-</u>	- -	\$ _	- -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ _	_
Covered-employee payroll	\$_	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$ _	
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	_	-	: :	-	=	-	: =		=	<u>-</u>
Fiscal year ended June 30,	_	2011		2012	· <u> </u>	2013		2014	_	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_*
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	-		-	_	-	_		_	_*
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_*
Covered-employee payroll	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$ _	_*
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	_	-		-	. =	-	. =		_	_*

Historical information prior to implementation of GASB 68 is not required.

NOTE: The actuarially determined contribution rate was determined as of January 1, 2015, with an interest adjustment to the fiscal year. Contributions in relation to this actuarially determined contribution rate will be reported for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. The following methods and assumptions are used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit

Amortization method Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability

Remaining amortization period N/A

Asset valuation method Sum of actuarial value at the beginning of the year and the cash flow during the year plus the

assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at the end of the year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within

20% of market value.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Net Investment rate of return 7.75%

Projected salary increases 3.25% plus service based merit increases

Cost of living adjustments 3.25%

Retirement age and mortality See notes to the basic financial statements, page D-32

^{*2015} information will be determined after fiscal year and will be included in the 2016 report.

SUPPLEMENTARY DATA – INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS, SCHEDULES AND STATE MANDATED PROGRAM INFORMATION



Special Revenue – Confiscated Assets Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2015

		Budgete	d Am	nounts	_			Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	_	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$ 	- 	\$ _	8,095 -	\$ 	6,969 -	\$	(1,126)
Total revenue	_	<u>-</u>	_	8,095		6,969		(1,126)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Public safety	_		_	8,095		8,095		
Total expenditures	_		_	8,095	_	8,095		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_		_		- <u>-</u>	(1,126)	. <u>-</u>	(1,126)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in		_				45		45
11 81131613 111	_	<u> </u>	-			43		43_
Total other financing sources	_		_	-		45		45
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(1,081)		(1,081)
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	4,527	_	4,527	_	4,527		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	4,527	\$_	4,527	\$	3,446	\$	(1,081)

Fiduciary (Agency) Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year ended June 30, 2015

ASSETS	-	Balance July 1, 2014	 Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2015
Cash and investments	\$_	219,530	\$ 1,525,541	\$_	1,669,775	\$_	75,296
Total assets	\$	219,530	\$ 1,525,541	\$	1,669,775	\$	75,296
LIABILITIES Due to others	\$_	219,530	\$ 1,525,541	\$_	1,669,775	\$_	75,296
Total liabilities	\$	219,530	\$ 1,525,541	\$	1,669,775	\$	75,296

Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds Year ended June 30, 2015

	-	Original Estimated Cost	: =	Revised Estimated Cost	Prior Years	= ;	Current Year	=	Total Cost
1998 SPLOST EXPENDITURES									
Drainage projects									
City drainage project	\$	1,950,000	\$	_	\$ _	\$	-	\$	-
South Coastal Highway	•	-		125,000	-	-	3,250		3,250
Black Creek Road		-		102,260	60,000		2,658		62,658
Clifton Drive		-		130,000	, -		3,381		3,381
Osteen Street		-		132,395	14,138		3,443		17,581
Grange Road		-		250,000	-		6,502		6,502
800 Block, Armadale Road		-		227,145	4,018		5,907		9,925
300 Block, Birkenhead Street		_		115,000	-,		2,991		2,991
200 Block, Phillips Avenue				115,000	21,865		2,991		24,856
Falkirk Street		_		113,570	,		2,954		2,954
O'Leary Road at Black Creek		_		151,615	_		3,943		3,943
Gordon Street		_		113,570	_		2,954		2,954
Cantyre Street		_		113,570	_		2,954		2,954
Mobley Park		_		90,000	161,878		2,341		164,219
Gordon and Crossgate		_		7,000	6,732		182		6,914
Pine Forest		_		5,500	6,945		143		7,088
Saussy Road		_		5,500	5,210		143		5,353
Berrien Road		_		5,000	2,013		130		2,143
North area water and sewer project		_		147,875	167,592		-		167,592
Drainage equipment	_	50,000		50,000	50,000	_ ,	-	_	50,000
Total drainage project		2,000,000		2,000,000	500,391		46,867		547,258
Other capital outlay		458,703		28,174					
Black Creek flood study		436,703		79,448	79,448		-		70.449
•		-		•			20.072		79,448
Other equipment Debt Service		-		284,888	330,425		39,873		370,298
Dept Service	-	-		66,193	66,193	-	-	-	66,193
Total 1998 SPLOST expenditures	\$ =	2,458,703	\$	2,458,703	\$ 976,457	\$	86,740	\$ =	1,063,197
2003 SPLOST EXPENDITURES									
Fire safety	\$	200,000	\$	460,926	\$ 460,926	\$	-	\$	460,926
Open space		20,078		70,400	60,686		-		60,686
Other capital outlay									
Wastewater treatment facilities		2,254,426		2,579,192	2,579,192		-		2,579,192
North area water and sewer project		-		118,123	118,123		-		118,123
Downtown sewer rehab project Miscellaneous capital outlay projects		-		352,899 369	135,811 153		217,088		352,899 153
Total other capital outlay	-	2,254,426		3,050,583	2,833,279		217,088	-	3,050,367
	-		-				-	-	
Total 2003 SPLOST expenditures	\$_	2,474,504	\$_	3,581,909	\$ 3,354,891	\$	217,088	\$	3,571,979

Schedule of Projects Constructed with Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Proceeds (cont.) Year ended June 30, 2015

	-	Original Estimated Cost		Revised Estimated Cost	_	Prior Years	-	Current Year	_	Total Cost
2008 SPLOST EXPENDITURES Wastewater and sewer rehab projects	\$	3,000,000	\$_	3,000,000	\$_	48,510	\$	1,722,770	\$_	1,771,280
Total 2008 SPLOST expenditures	\$	3,000,000	\$	3,000,000	\$	48,510	\$	1,722,770	\$	1,771,280
2014 SPLOST EXPENDITURES	\$	6,200,000	\$_	6,200,000	\$_	-	\$	5,353	\$	5,353
Total 2014 SPLOST expenditures	\$	6,200,000	\$	6,200,000	\$	-	\$	5,353	\$	5,353

Schedule of Required Expenditures Funded by the Hotel/Motel Tax Year ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES Hotel/motel taxes	\$ 803,357
EXPENDITURES Tourism expenditures	\$ 401,602
Percentage of expenditures to revenues	50.0%



Comments Relative to Statistical Section

This part of the City of Port Wentworth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position has changed over time.	G-2
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and the sales tax.	
tax and the sales tax.	G-12
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue debt in the future.	G- 17
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among	
governments.	G- 21
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the	
activities it performs.	G-23

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

Fiscal year ended June 30,	 2006	 2007		2008		2009 Restated
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 6,283,976 4,279,736 3,747,355	\$ 6,588,310 4,914,622 5,283,898	\$	7,639,290 5,565,904 5,856,448	\$ - <u>-</u>	8,300,329 4,313,697 6,074,336
Total governmental activities, net position	\$ 14,311,067	\$ 16,786,830	\$	19,061,642	\$	18,688,362
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 9,383,905 - 4,057,772	\$ 10,289,924 - 5,930,614	\$	11,434,628 - 7,622,749	\$	12,051,933 - 8,471,261
Total business-type activities, net position	\$ 13,441,677	\$ 16,220,538	\$	19,057,377	\$	20,523,194
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 15,667,881 4,279,736 7,805,127	\$ 16,878,234 4,914,622 11,214,512	\$	19,073,918 5,565,904 13,479,197	\$	20,352,262 4,313,697 14,545,597
Total primary government, net position	\$ 27,752,744	\$ 33,007,368	\$ <u></u>	38,119,019	\$	39,211,556

NOTE: Beginning net position was restated for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 due to implementation of GASB 68 for net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions. However, due to the unavailability of information on prior years' pension activity, changes in net position for prior years are not restated.

Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

_	2010 Restated	_	2011 Restated	-	2012	-	2013	_	2014 Restated	_	2015
\$	8,115,438 3,441,702 6,520,685	\$_	8,232,721 3,729,118 6,654,860	\$	7,898,751 2,779,710 7,438,909	\$	8,301,163 2,731,952 8,516,292	\$	8,477,481 3,201,828 10,103,337	\$	8,797,563 2,117,207 12,228,494
\$	18,077,825	\$_	18,616,699	\$	18,117,370	\$.	19,549,407	\$_	21,782,646	\$	23,143,264
\$ 	14,055,599 - 9,134,844	\$	22,132,457 - 3,955,186	\$	22,781,837 - 4,552,946	\$	22,331,549 - 4,993,883	\$	21,748,916 - 6,583,724	\$	23,279,528 - 6,951,289
\$	23,190,443	\$_	26,087,643	\$	27,334,783	\$	27,325,432	\$_	28,332,640	\$	30,230,817
\$	22,171,037 3,441,702 15,655,529	\$	30,365,178 3,729,118 10,610,046	\$	30,680,588 2,779,710 11,991,855	\$	30,632,712 2,731,952 13,510,175	\$	30,226,397 3,201,828 16,687,061	\$	32,077,091 2,117,207 19,179,783
\$ <u></u>	41,268,268	\$ _	44,704,342	\$	45,452,153	\$	46,874,839	\$ _	50,115,286	\$	53,374,081

Fiscal year ended June 30,		2006		2007		2008		2009
EXPENSES	-		_				_	
Governmental activities								
General government	\$	831,095	\$	464,393	\$	445,468	\$	376,953
Judiciary	Y	192,706	Y	230,602	Y	258,861	Υ	166,409
Public safety		1,927,765		2,465,579		2,624,698		2,521,272
Public works		868,218		1,052,322		1,495,859		1,488,022
Culture and recreation		180,555		276,871		354,264		403,290
Housing and development		298,304		757,988		948,235		721,276
Interest on long-term debt		298,304		737,388		463		8,100
Total governmental activities,	-		_		_	403	_	8,100
_		4 200 642		F 247 7FF		6 127 040		F 60F 222
expenses	-	4,298,643		5,247,755		6,127,848	_	5,685,322
Business-type activities								
Water and sewer		818,420		1,208,012		1,699,013		1,656,483
Total business-type activities,	-		_			=,000,0=0	_	=,000,000
expenses		818,420		1,208,012		1,699,013		1,656,483
	_			,,-		,,-	_	,,,,,,,,
Total primary government,								
expenses	\$_	5,117,063	\$	6,455,767	\$	7,826,861	\$	7,341,805
PROGRAM REVENUES								
Governmental activities								
Charges for services	_		_		_		_	
General government	\$	206,416	\$	-	\$	11,536	\$	22,341
Public safety		1,937,841		1,437,478		1,195,313		889,814
Public works		496,264		581,964		644,002		659,912
Culture and recreation		10,090		7,119		11,088		7,923
Housing and development		-		547,378		482,574		331,609
Operating grants and								
contributions		48,408		77,759		87,449		95,509
Capital grants and contributions	_	5,121,163		982,055		1,676,149	_	505,539
Total governmental activities program		7 020 402		2 622 752		4.400.444		2 542 647
revenues	-	7,820,182	_	3,633,753	_	4,108,111	_	2,512,647
Business-type activities								
Charges for services		1,011,507		1,522,268		1,675,532		1,871,900
Capital grants and contributions		7,533,864		2,077,467		2,602,707		337,888
Total business-type activities program	_	,,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,,-	_	
revenues		8,545,371		3,599,735		4,278,239		2,209,788
	_							
Total primary government program								
revenues	\$	16,365,553	\$	7,233,488	\$	8,386,350	\$	4,722,435
NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE	ċ	2 524 520	ć	(1 614 003)	ć	(2 010 727)	ċ	(2 172 675)
Governmental activities	\$	3,521,539	\$	(1,614,002)	Ş	(2,019,737)	Þ	(3,172,675)
Business-type activities	-	7,726,951	_	2,391,723	_	2,579,226	_	553,305
Total primary government net		44 242 422	<u> </u>	777 701	<u>,</u>	FF0 400	<u>,</u>	(2.640.270)
(expense)/revenue	\$ <u>_</u>	11,248,490	\$ <u></u>	777,721	۶	559,489	\$ <u>_</u>	(2,619,370)

See note on page G-3.

Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Year ended June 30, 2015

			2011								
	2010		2011 Restated		2012		2013		2014		2015
	2010		Restateu	_	2012		2013	-	2014		2013
\$	349,632	\$	434,261	\$	475,923	\$	490,656	\$	539,215	\$	585,200
	157,629		169,856		131,614		124,347		136,874		144,817
	2,675,030		2,952,985		2,896,829		2,775,757		2,787,198		2,760,694
	1,483,633		1,467,766		1,396,285		1,304,589		1,315,206		1,507,712
	405,422		401,481		377,690		427,733		454,501		540,278
	696,680		581,398		547,210		504,696		481,375		552,204
	12,619	_	11,413	_	10,163		9,931	-			
	5,780,645	_	6,019,160	_	5,835,714	ı	5,637,709	-	5,714,369		6,090,905
	1,800,387	_	2,398,358	_	3,127,749		3,139,537	_	3,086,475		3,277,446
	1,800,387	_	2,398,358	_	3,127,749	ı	3,139,537	_	3,086,475		3,277,446
¢	7 504 022	¢	0.447.540	,	0.062.462	<u> </u>	0.777.246	.	0.000.044	<u>,</u>	0.200.254
\$ <u> </u>	7,581,032	۶ _	8,417,518	\$ _	8,963,463	\$	8,777,246	\$_	8,800,844	\$	9,368,351
	22 772		24 506		2 225		24 140		20.902		22.740
	22,772		24,506		3,225		24,140		29,803		33,749
	947,048 736,069		1,020,838 842,241		961,061 867,239		1,007,248 871,759		1,104,821 937,730		1,577,991 956,050
	4,539		6,984		7,582		10,198		13,876		16,357
	257,587		161,951		140,306		148,685		208,181		184,435
	93,630		96,768		87,539		51,864		62,588		52,943
	143,161	_	531,363	_	650,782		772,510	_	646,579		1,008,942
	2,204,806	_	2,684,651	_	2,717,734		2,886,404	_	3,003,578		3,830,467
	2,037,035		2,251,015		2,417,521		2,510,901		2,711,568		2,640,802
	1,580,581	_	2,889,074	_	346,073		231,795	_	1,206,031		490,881
	3,617,616	_	5,140,089	_	2,763,594		2,742,696	=	3,917,599		3,131,683
\$	5,822,422	\$	7,824,740	\$	5,481,328	\$	5,629,100	\$	6,921,177	\$	6,962,150
		_		_		li .		-			
	(3,575,839)		(3,334,509)		(3,117,980)		(2,751,305)		(2,710,791)		(2,260,438)
	1,817,229	_	2,741,731	_	(364,155)		(396,841)	_	831,124		(145,763)
\$	(1,758,610)	\$	(592,778)	\$ <u></u>	(3,482,135)	\$	(3,148,146)	\$_	(1,879,667)	\$	(2,406,201)

								2009
Fiscal year ended June 30,		2006		2007		2008		Restated
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION	=		•		•		•	
Governmental activities								
Property taxes levied for general								
purposes	\$	475,054	\$	1,205,990	\$	1,457,243	\$	1,297,711
Sales taxes levied for general purposes		1,031,077		1,254,159		,146,816		1,069,983
Selective sales and use taxes		596,790		922,412		899,878		782,298
Business taxes		730,986		244,004		250,270		263,939
Contributions not restricted to specific programs		_		_		15,904		18,912
Unrestricted investment earnings		305,370		474,811		355,226		109,222
Gain (loss) on disposition of capital		303,370						
assets		-		11,061		38,502		31,585
Miscellaneous income		15,895		38,666		130,710		34,551
Special item		219,681		-		-		-
Transfers	_	(571,275)		(61,338)		-	-	(808,806)
Total governmental activities		2,803,578		4,089,765		4,294,549		2,799,395
Total governmental activities	-	2,003,370	•	1,003,703	•	1,23 1,3 13		2,733,333
Business-type activities – water and								
sewer				2=2.252				
Unrestricted investment earnings Gain (loss) on disposition of capital		108,095		270,369		196,769		50,895
assets		-		(3,127)		-		-
Miscellaneous income		-		58,558		60,844		84,061
Transfers		571,275		61,338		-		808,806
	-	•	•		•		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total business-type activities		679,370		387,138		257,613		943,762
	-		•					
Total primary government	\$	3,482,948	\$	4,476,903	\$	4,552,162	\$	3,743,157
CHANGE IN NET POSITION								
Governmental activities	\$	6,325,117	\$	2,475,763	\$	2,274,812	\$	(373,280)
Business-type activities	-	8,406,321		2,778,861		2,836,839		1,497,067
Total primary government	\$	14,731,438	\$	5,254,624	\$	5,111,651	\$	1,123,787

See note on page G-3.

Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

2010 Restated	2011 Restated	2012		2013		2014		2015
 Nestated	Nestuteu	 2012	. <u>-</u>	2013		2014		2013
\$ 1,743,921	\$ 1,887,617	\$ 1,892,546	\$	1,985,150	\$	2,137,730	\$	2,417,026
898,418	974,303	1,047,670		1,195,556		1,544,295		1,666,385
698,709	707,088	785,188		832,579		875,057		1,029,201
257,665	247,391	344,275		357,172		358,333		375,991
19,780	17,259	13,071		13,196		11,766		15,954
23,345	5,702	15,840		59,633		_		(6,483)
66,153	29,759	29,612		26,008		27,153		66,840
 (742,689)	4,264	 (1,509,551)		(285,952)	_	(70,696)		(1,943,858)
 2,965,302	3,873,383	 2,618,651	. <u>-</u>	4,183,342		4,883,638		3,621,056
23,135	27,778	17,903		13,474		14,438		17,087
2,044	51,502	-		10,463		-		(1,650)
82,152	80,453	83,841		77,601		76,568		84,645
 742,689	(4,264)	 1,509,551	-	285,952	_	70,696	_	1,943,858
 850,020	155,469	 1,611,295		387,490	_	161,702		2,043,940
\$ 3,815,322	\$ 4,028,852	\$ 4,229,946	\$	4,570,832	\$	5,045,340	\$	5,664,996
(610,537)	538,874	(499,329)		1,432,037		2,172,847		1,360,618
 2,667,249	2,897,200	 1,247,140		(9,351)	_	992,826		1,898,177
\$ 2,056,712	\$ 3,436,074	\$ 747,811	\$	1,422,686	\$	3,165,673	\$	3,258,795



Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal year ended June 30,		2006		2007		2008	2009 Restated		2010 Restated
GENERAL FUND	-	2006	-	2007	-	2006	nestateu	-	Restateu
Reserved	\$	118,640	\$	167,161	\$	90,070	\$ 11,664	\$	10,769
Unreserved		3,665,031		5,006,275		5,470,772	5,873,879		6,310,402
Nonspendable Prepaid items		-		-		-	-		-
Assigned Capital asset replacement		-		-		-	-		-
Subsequent year's budget Unassigned	· -	- -		- -		- -	- -	_	-
Total General Fund	\$	3,783,671	\$	5,173,436	\$	5,560,842	\$ 5,885,543	\$_	6,321,171
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS									
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Unreserved, reported in									
Special revenue fund		25,580		22,181		20,056	21,218		12,934
Capital projects fund Restricted		4,279,736		4,914,622		5,565,904	4,313,697		3,441,702
Capital projects funds Confiscated assets funds		-		-		-	-	_	<u>-</u>
Total all other governmental funds	\$	4,305,316	\$	4,936,803	\$	5,585,960	\$ 4,334,915	\$_	3,454,636
		2011							
Fiscal year ended June 30, GENERAL FUND	-	Restated	· -	2012	_	2013	2014	_	2015
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Unreserved		-		-		-	-		-
Nonspendable		F2 620		450.005		452.242	464244		462 242
Prepaid items Assigned		52,638		159,985		152,342	164,344		162,343
Capital asset replacement		771,666		752,001		655,746	617,092		619,096
Subsequent year's budget		1,901,374		458,306		88,716	277,901		1,694,853
Unassigned	-	3,759,290		5,766,602	-	7,291,745	8,709,129	-	9,389,661
Total General Fund	\$	6,484,968	\$	7,136,894	\$	8,188,549	\$ 9,768,466	\$_	11,865,953
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS									
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Unreserved, reported in Special revenue fund		_		_		_	_		_
Capital projects fund		-		-		-	-		-
Restricted									
Capital projects funds		3,706,857		2,757,174		2,708,001	3,197,301		2,113,761
Confiscated assets funds	-	22,261	-	22,536	-	23,951	4,527	-	3,446
Total all other governmental funds	\$	3,729,118	\$	2,779,710	\$	2,731,952	\$ 3,201,828	\$_	2,117,207

NOTE: The City of Port Wentworth implemented GASB 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

								2009
Fiscal year ended June 30, REVENUES	-	2006	. ,	2007	_	2008	-	Restated
Sales tax	\$	1,031,077	\$	1,170,273	\$	1,058,720	\$	1,004,980
Other taxes	Ψ.	1,805,696	Ψ.	2,220,610	Ψ.	2,481,922	Ψ.	2,497,212
Licenses and permits		418,776		352,830		361,355		323,016
Revenue from other governmental units		915,002		997,790		853,224		609,345
Charges for services		705,289		857,559		887,856		791,509
Fines and forfeitures		1,499,111		1,380,042		1,410,783		803,708
Miscellaneous		329,808		559,009		402,324		131,696
	-	0_0,000			-	,	-	
Total revenue	_	6,704,759		7,538,113	_	7,456,184	_	6,161,466
EXPENDITURES								
Current		707.403		446.004		445.463		244277
General government		797,103		446,091		415,163		344,377
Judiciary		192,706		225,851		257,847		165,733
Public safety		1,835,113		2,619,855		2,634,642		2,270,400
Public works		818,439		869,462		1,251,336		1,226,159
Culture and recreation		150,217		244,753		320,338		861,526
Housing and development		298,304		440,436		585,655		410,765
Intergovernmental assistance		-		-		390,209		338,919
Capital outlay		523,687		632,518		1,178,166		1,192,066
Debt service								
Principal		-		-		6,163		152,677
Interest	_	-		-	-	463	_	8,100
Total expenditures	_	4,615,569		5,478,966		7,039,982	_	6,970,722
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	_	2,089,190		2,059,147	-	416,202	_	(809,256)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of capital assets		-		11,061		40,981		31,585
Capital leases		-		-		497,143		-
Transfers in		298,486		629,399		350,837		297,985
Transfers out		(869,761)		(678,355)		(350,837)		(455,216)
Insurance recoveries	_	-		-	-	82,237	_	8,558
Total other financing (uses) sources	_	(571,275)		(37,895)	-	620,361	_	(117,088)
Special item – sale of land	_	219,681		-	=	-	_	
Net change in fund balances	\$ _	1,737,596	\$	2,021,252	\$	1,036,563	\$ _	(926,344)
Debt service as a percentage of non-capital expenditures		0.00%		0.00%		0.11%		2.74%

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

_	2010 Restated		2011 Restated	- <u>-</u>	2012	<u> </u>	2013		2014		2015
	963,421	\$	974,303	\$	1,047,670	\$	1,195,556	\$	1,544,295	\$	1,666,385
	2,583,963		2,793,006		3,027,413		3,182,122		3,429,041		3,850,830
	265,129		173,596		129,921		145,103		225,523		193,111
	220,711		613,335		720,916		813,260		701,206		1,047,724
	860,491		1,076,544		1,049,629		1,219,463		1,255,770		1,294,050
	854,477		819,923		812,873		703,265		813,268		1,288,390
_	60,186		45,294		39,139		40,484	_	46,730		73,776
	5,808,378		6,496,001	_	6,827,561		7,299,253		8,015,833		9,414,266
	320,565		423,623		490,693		524,294		524,475		604,937
	156,370		162,772		147,739		115,971		137,515		147,796
	2,361,627		3,046,652		2,885,772		2,748,663		2,809,182		2,676,000
	1,207,540		1,188,896		1,162,708		1,474,231		1,438,783		1,920,379
	348,192		517,169		321,510		401,379		507,690		484,626
	424,472		311,153		248,644		201,704		144,477		150,319
	311,450		302,384		332,272		346,489		333,222		401,602
	1,130,961		102,100		164,332		450,768		70,696		2,031,951
	32,323		33,528		34,779		237,674		_		
	12,619		11,413		10,163		9,931		-		
_	6,306,119		6,099,690		5,798,612		6,511,104		5,966,040		8,417,610
_	(497,741)		396,311		1,028,949		788,149		2,049,793		996,656
	23,345		38,991		15,840		371,165		-		
	258,855		- 257,829		- 291,719		310,039		333,384		401,808
	(258,855)		(257,829)		(1,641,929)		(469,489)		•		(401,808
	(236,633) 29,745		(257,829) 2,977	_	7,939	_	4,033		(333,384) -	<u> </u>	16,210
_	53,090		41,968		(1,326,431)		215,748		-	. <u> </u>	16,210
_	-		-	_	-	. <u>-</u>			-		
_	(444,651)	\$ <u>_</u>	438,279	\$	(297,482)	\$	1,003,897	\$	2,049,793	\$	1,012,866
	0.76%		0.84%		0.74%		4.57%		0.00%		0.00

Schedule of Tax Revenues and Franchise Fees – Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	-	Property Tax	-	Local Option Sales Tax	-	Business & Insurance Premium Tax	Malt & Alcohol Beverage Tax	Hotel/ Motel Tax	Utility & Cablevision Franchise Fees	-	Annual Totals
2005	\$	442,573	\$	932,272	\$	224,404	\$ 165,740	\$ 560,543	\$ 238,113	\$	2,563,645
2006		517,796		1,031,077		243,712	177,454	596,790	269,944		2,836,773
2007		750,330		1,170,273		244,004	184,834	737,578	282,814		3,369,833
2008		1,006,223		1,058,720		250,270	201,865	698,013	325,551		3,540,642
2009		1,076,199		1,004,980		263,939	186,888	595,410	374,776		3,502,192
2010		1,170,017		963,421		257,665	181,183	517,526	457,572		3,547,384
2011		1,338,751		974,303		247,391	191,625	515,463	499,776		3,767,309
2012		1,299,614		1,047,670		344,275	201,955	583,233	598,336		4,075,083
2013		1,452,767		1,195,077		357,172	212,719	619,860	540,083		4,377,678
2014		1,558,786		1,536,698		358,333	208,500	666,557	644,462		4,973,336
2015		1,728,076		1,650,713		375,991	225,844	803,357	733,234		5,517,215

SOURCE: City records

NOTE: Tables includes General Fund and special revenue –hotel/motel tax funds



		Real F	rop	erty	Person	al Pr	operty		Utilities and	d Oth	ner Property
W	_	Assessed		Estimated	Assessed		Estimated		Assessed		Estimated
Year		Value		Actual Value	 Value		Actual Value	-	Value	-	Actual Value
2005	\$	93,350,834	\$	233,377,085	\$ 31,843,456	\$	79,608,640	\$	129,684,355	\$	324,210,888
2006		133,044,372		332,610,930	36,540,507		91,351,268		4,472,530		11,181,325
2007		197,906,630		494,766,575	32,282,717		80,706,793		4,656,698		11,641,745
2008		229,005,497		572,513,742	57,525,310		143,813,275		5,411,552		13,528,880
2009		242,817,524		607,043,810	89,153,169		222,882,923		5,740,786		14,351,965
2010		268,292,674		670,731,685	93,347,261		233,368,152		6,003,823		15,009,558
2011		257,276,653		643,191,633	96,236,643		240,591,608		5,958,029		14,895,073
2012		266,262,822		665,657,055	77,872,191		194,680,478		9,316,066		23,290,165
2013		283,724,072		709,310,180	75,341,990		188,354,975		9,246,282		23,115,705
2014		261,920,824		654,802,060	82,829,831		207,074,578		10,119,389		25,298,472

SOURCE: Chatham County Tax Assessor

 $\textbf{NOTE 1}: \ \ \text{The ratio of total assessed to total estimated value is set at 40\% by state law}.$

NOTE 2: Tax rates are per \$1,000 net assessed value.

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Calendar Years

	Т	otal		Ratio of Total	
-	Assessed Value	-	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed to Total Estimated Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
\$	129,684,355	\$	324,210,888	40.00%	4.498
	174,057,409		435,143,523	40.00%	4.498
	234,846,045		587,115,113	40.00%	4.498
	291,942,359		729,855,897	40.00%	4.397
	337,711,479		844,278,698	40.00%	4.397
	367,643,758		919,109,395	40.00%	4.397
	359,471,325		898,678,314	40.00%	4.397
	353,451,079		883,627,698	40.00%	4.397
	368,312,344		920,780,860	40.00%	4.397
	354,870,044		887,175,110	40.00%	4.711

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Calendar Years (Rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	Direct		Overlapping Rates		
Tax Year	City	School District	County	State	Total
2005	4.498	17.277	11.037	0.250	33.062
2006	4.498	15.817	10.837	0.250	31.402
2007	4.498	15.817	10.537	0.250	31.102
2008	4.397	13.404	10.537	0.250	28.588
2009	4.397	13.404	10.537	0.250	28.588
2010	4.397	14.131	10.537	0.250	29.315
2011	4.397	14.631	11.109	0.250	30.387
2012	4.397	14.631	11.109	0.200	30.337
2013	4.397	15.881	11.908	0.150	32.336
2014	4.711	15.881	11.543	0.100	32.235

SOURCE: Chatham County Commission – Board minutes and City records

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2014				2005	
		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total District Net Assessed Value	_	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Total District Net Assessed Value
Duke Realty Ltd. Partnership	\$	32,047,724	1	9.03%	_	10.00		
RC Residential LLC	,	9,010,937	2	2.54%				
NGK Automotive Ceramics USA		8,044,164	3	2.27%				
Village at Rice Hope Land III LLC		7,348,360	4	2.07%				
Bayer Cropscience LP		7,038,897	5	1.98%				
Floor & Décor Outlets of America		5,346,974	6	1.51%				
Ascend Performance Materials		5,130,115	7	1.44%				
L-A Savannah – Crossgate LLC		4,896,720	8	1.38%				
SNF Chemtall		4,436,616	9	1.25%				
DSI Realty Company Inc.		4,251,440	10	1.20%				
American Warehousing VIII LLC					\$	3,197,800	1	2.74%
Noritake China Company, Inc.						2,965,605	2	2.54%
Boardman Stephanie Page Trust						2,542,000	3	2.17%
Savannah Inns, LLC						2,470,600	4	2.11%
Georgia Pacific						2,366,707	5	2.02%
Cargo Group, Limited						1,800,000	6	1.53%
National Warehousing II LLC						1,497,600	7	1.28%
SSA Delaware LLC						1,458,000	8	1.25%
American Port Services						1,254,335	9	1.07%
Coldbrook Station LLC	_				· <u>-</u>	1,198,400	10	1.03%
Total	\$ _	87,551,947	: =	24.67%	\$	20,751,047	: =	17.74%

SOURCE: Chatham County Tax Assessor

NOTE: This data is based on calendar year assessed valuations.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Calendar Years

				Total			n the Fiscal e Levy	Collections for		ollections Date
Year	 Total Tax Levy	Adjustments	-	Adjusted Levy	Amount	_	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	 Amount	Percentage of Levy
2005	\$ 424,122	\$ 12,444	\$	436,566	\$ 417,180		98.36%	\$ 19,375	\$ 436,555	100.00%
2006	554,497	(28,809)		525,688	528,540		95.32%	(2,864)	525,676	100.00%
2007	852,233	(21,079)		831,154	764,444		89.70%	66,710	831,154	100.00%
2008	1,040,381	(81,175)		959,206	1,006,653		96.76%	(47,697)	958,956	99.97%
2009	1,239,956	(176,098)		1,063,858	1,091,671		88.04%	(27,976)	1,063,695	99.98%
2010	1,376,737	(190,292)		1,186,445	1,267,982		92.10%	(83,488)	1,184,494	99.84%
2011	1,376,995	(186,283)		1,190,712	1,145,986		83.22%	41,836	1,187,822	99.76%
2012	1,304,068	(30,648)		1,273,420	1,240,565		95.13%	32,627	1,273,192	99.98%
2013	1,387,660	(76,766)		1,310,894	1,287,127		92.76%	22,984	1,310,111	99.94%
2014	1,465,355	(17,211)		1,448,144	1,438,983		98.20%	-	1,438,983	99.37%

SOURCE: Chatham County Tax Commissioner and City records.

NOTE 1: Taxes are assessed for the calendar year on January 1. The fiscal year begins six months later on July 1 and ends on June 30 of the following year.

NOTE 2: The total tax levy includes real property, industrial area, personal property, and public utilities. The total tax levy is the original state approved levy after adjustments for cancelations, releases, errors, and additions.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	G	overnmental Activities		Business-Type Activities										
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		Capital Leases	_	Water & Sewer Revenue Bonds		Water & Sewer Notes		Capital Leases		Total	-	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2006	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,865,404	\$	-	\$	1,865,404	\$	1,865,404	1.57%	533
2007		-		-		1,783,568		-		1,783,568		1,783,568	1.45%	510
2008		490,980		-		1,697,223		104,566		1,801,789		2,292,769	1.84%	655
2009		338,305		-		1,606,120		-		1,606,120		1,944,425	1.66%	432
2010		305,982		-		4,607,730		-		4,607,730		4,913,712	4.27%	1,092
2011		272,454		-		4,761,789		-		4,761,789		5,034,243	4.45%	915
2012		237,674		-		4,829,284		-		4,829,284		5,066,958	4.49%	921
2013		-		-		4,656,110		-		4,656,110		4,656,110	2.83%	716
2014		-		-		4,498,328		-		4,498,328		4,498,328	2.58%	692
2015		-		-		5,506,301		-		5,506,301		5,506,301	2.76%	787

NOTE 1: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

NOTE 2: Percentage of Personal Income and Per Capita ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Gene	ral Bo	onded Debt Outsta	Percentage of			
Year Ended June 30,	 General Obligation Bonds	_	Deductions	-	Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2006	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 0.00%	-
2007	-		-		-	0.00%	-
2008	-		-		-	0.00%	-
2009	-		-		-	0.00%	-
2010	-		-		-	0.00%	-
2011	-		-		-	0.00%	-
2012	-		-		-	0.00%	-
2013	-		-		-	0.00%	-
2014	-		-		-	0.00%	-
2015	-		-		-	0.00%	-

NOTE: The City has no general bonded debt outstanding during the last ten fiscal years.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2015

	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable ⁽¹⁾		Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Overlapping debt repaid with property taxes				
Chatham County, Georgia	2 257 222	2.520/	_	04.057
DSA Chatham County Projects Series 2005A	\$ 3,357,989	2.53%	\$	84,957
DSA Union Mission Series 2009	1,970,000	2.53%		49,841
DSA Union Mission Series 2011	2,680,000	2.53%		67,804
DSA Chatham County Projects Series 2014	9,840,000	2.53%		248,952
Mosquito Control Facility	3,587,423	2.53%		90,762
Chatham-Savannah School Board				
General Obligation Bonded Debt	40,240,000	2.53%		1,018,072
Energy Management Project	4,467,430	2.53%		113,026
Overlapping other debt				
Chatham County capital leases	4,301,351	2.50%		107,534
Chatham-Savannah School Board capital leases	8,574,798	1.95%		167,209
Subtotal, overlapping debt				1,948,157
City of Port Wentworth direct debt				
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	1,948,157

SOURCES: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Chatham County Board of Taxation. Debt outstanding data is provided by each governmental unit.

NOTE: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Port Wentworth. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping payment.

⁽¹⁾ For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values as of the past calendar year. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable value. For overlapping other debt (County), the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using the City's population and dividing it by the county's population. For overlapping other debt (School), the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using the City's school enrollment and dividing it by the school district's total enrollment

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Calendar Years

						Calendar Year			
	-	2005		2006		2007	2008		2009
Total assessed value of taxable property	\$	129,684,355	\$	174,057,409	\$	234,846,045	\$ 291,942,359	\$	337,711,479
Less exemption for bond purposes	-	5,242,676		18,210,198	_	18,555,495	 6,611,033		7,923,608
Net assessed value for bond purposes	\$	124,441,679	\$	155,847,211	\$	216,290,550	\$ 285,331,326	\$	329,787,871
Debt limit percentage		10%		10%		10%	10%		10%
Debt limit	\$	12,444,168	\$	15,584,721	\$	21,629,055	\$ 28,533,133	\$	32,978,787
Total net debt applicable to limit general obligation bonds	-	-			-	-	 -		<u>-</u> ,
Legal debt margin	\$	12,444,168	\$	15,584,721	\$	21,629,055	\$ 28,533,133	\$	32,978,787
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%
	_					Calendar Year			
	-	2010		2011	-	2012	2013		2014
Total assessed value of taxable property	\$	367,643,758	\$	359,471,325	\$	353,451,079	\$ 368,312,344	\$	354,870,044
Less exemption for bond purposes	-	8,376,623		7,075,664		8,166,424	 7,658,146		27,251,685
Net assessed value for bond purposes	\$							_	327,618,359
	٠,	359,267,135	\$	352,395,661	\$	345,284,655	\$ 360,654,198	\$	
Debt limit percentage	Ÿ <u>.</u>	359,267,135	Ş	352,395,661	\$.	345,284,655	\$ 360,654,198	\$	10%
Debt limit percentage Debt limit	\$ _		\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$ 	\$	10% 32,761,836
	· -	10%	•	10%	•	10%	 10%	, ,	
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit	· -	10%	•	10%	•	10%	 10%	, ,	

The present constitutional limit on direct general obligation bonds for the City of Port Wentworth is the amount equivalent to 10% of the net assessed valuation of taxable property for debt service (bond) purposes.

The constitutional debt limitation applies to all general obligation bonds authorized. Additional general obligation bonds may be authorized to be issued if so approved by a majority of those voting in an election held for that purpose. The City of Port Wentworth has no general obligation bonds authorized but unissued.

SOURCE: Consolidation and Evaluation Digest.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population in Thousands ⁽¹⁾		Personal Income ⁽¹⁾		Per Capita Personal Income ⁽²⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽³⁾
2005	3	\$	118,520,500	\$	33,863	4.6%
2006	3	Ψ	123,172,000	Ψ.	35,192	4.1%
2007	3		124,404,000		35,544	4.1%
2008	4		117,315,000		26,070	5.6%
2009	4		115,141,500		25,587	8.3%
2010	5		113,179,000		20,578	9.1%
2011	5		112,860,000		20,520	9.2%
2012	6		164,417,500		25,295	9.5%
2013	6		174,466,500		26,841	8.7%
2014	7		199,150,000		28,450	7.3%

NOTE: 2014 information is estimated based on information from the U.S. Census.

⁽¹⁾ Chamber of Commerce, Metropolitan Planning Commission and U.S. Census.
(2) Personal income has been estimated based upon the municipal population and per capita personal income presented.
(3) State Department of Labor.

Principal Employers Current and Nine Calendar Years Ago

		2014			2005	
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Metro Area Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total Metro Area Employment
	Limployees	Naiik	Linpioyinent	Lilipioyees	Nalik	Linployment
Gulfstream Aerospace Corp.	10,126	1	7.85%	4,505	3	3.74%
Memorial Health	5,000	2	3.88%	5,473	1	4.55%
Savannah-Chatham Board of Ed.	4,808	3	3.73%	4,781	2	3.97%
Ft. Stewart/Hunter Army Airfield	4,637	4	3.59%	3,212	5	2.67%
St. Joseph's/Candler	3,304	5	2.56%	3,400	4	2.82%
City of Savannah	2,795	6	2.17%	1,900	7	1.58%
Savannah College of Art and						
Design	1,590	7	1.23%	1,200	10	1.00%
Chatham County	1,578	8	1.22%	1,405	9	1.17%
Georgia Ports Authority	988	9	0.77%	-	-	-
Armstrong Atlantic University	602	10	0.47%	-	-	-
Wal-Mart	-	-	-	2,421	6	2.01%
Georgia-Pacific		-		1,420	8	1.18%
	35,428		27.47%	29,717		24.69%

SOURCES: Savannah Area Chamber of Commerce, Georgia Department of Labor, and Savannah Economic Development Authority.

NOTE: This data includes employer and employee information for the Savannah Metropolitan Service Area and is reported on calendar year.

Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Eunstian / Dragram	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
Function/Program	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
General government	14	6	5	3	2	
Judiciary	-	3	3	2	2	
Legislative	-	7	7	7	7	
Protective inspections	-	2	3	4	3	
Public safety	21	31	32	25	32	
Public works	6	8	18	8	9	
Culture and recreation	2	3	2	3	3	
Water and sewer services	2	2	5	6	7	
Total	45	62	75	58	65	

Full-time and Part-time City Employees as of June 30,

	Full-time and Part-time City Employees as of June 30,										
Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015						
General government	3	3	4	4	5						
Judiciary	2	3	2	2	2						
Legislative	7	7	6	6	6						
Protective inspections	4	1	1	1	1						
Public safety	32	31	34	30	35						
Public works	7	4	2	3	2						
Culture and recreation	3	3	3	3	7						
Water and sewer services	7	7	7	11	7						
Total	65	59	59	60	65						

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Year		
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Police Arrests	994	1,035	1,108	994	1,023
Airests	334	1,033	1,100	334	1,023
Fire	Unavailable	891	954	235	F 7 2
Number of emergency calls Inspections	Unavailable	212	314	235 247	573 370
P. M. Const.					
Public works Street resurfacing (miles)	1	1	1	1	1
Parks and recreation					
Number of facility rentals	232	191	180	250	327
Water					
New connections	201	312	368	392	585
Average daily water use (thousands of gallons)	311	343	308	310	322
Sewer New connections	201	312	368	392	585
Average daily sewage treatment	201	312	300	332	363
(thousands of gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
			Fiscal Year		
Police	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Arrests	1,093	1,063	1,261	1,282	1,344
Fire					
Number of emergency calls	833	812	994	1,084	1,209
Inspections	284	245	246	248	254
Public works					
Street resurfacing (miles)	<1	< 1	1	2	2.25
Parks and recreation					
Number of facility rentals	223	296	346	335	377
Water					
New connections	612	389	418	178	138
Average daily water use (thousands of gallons)	387	353	444	388	441
(modsands of Bullons)	307	333	777	300	771
Sewer New connections	612	200	410	170	120
Average daily sewage treatment	612	389	418	178	138
(thousands of gallons)	N/A	458	600	757	822

SOURCES: City Records.

Unavailable - This information is not available. Prior to June 2006, the City did not employ fire personnel.

N/A - not applicable. The City's wastewater was treated by a contractor until 2012.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	Fiscal Year				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Police					,
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Fire					
Stations	2	2	2	2	2
Public works					
Streets (miles)	44	44	44	46	46
Streetlights	349	362	362	384	384
Traffic signals	9	9	9	8	8
Parks and recreation					
Parks	3	3	4	4	4
Community centers	1	1	3	4	4
Water					
Water mains (miles)	34	39	39	41	41
Maximum daily capacity					
(thousands of gallons)	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600
Sewer					
Sanitary sewers (miles)	34	39	39	41	41
Maximum daily treatment capacity					
(thousands of gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Fiscal Year				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Police	-				,
Stations	1	1	1	1	1
Fire					
Stations	2	2	2	2	2
Public works					
Streets (miles)	51	51	51	52	54
Streetlights	886	886	886	886	886
Traffic signals	10	10	10	10	11
Parks and recreation					
Parks	5	5	5	5	5
Community centers	4	4	4	4	4
Water					
Water mains (miles)	45	46	46	51	51
Maximum daily capacity					
(thousands of gallons)	2,600	2,600	2,600	3,100	3,100
Sewer					
Sanitary sewers (miles)	45	46	46	51	51
Maximum daily treatment capacity					
(thousands of gallons)	N/A	4	4	4	4

 $\textbf{SOURCES:} \ \ \textbf{City Records and Georgia Department of Transportation}, \ \textbf{Office of Transportation}.$

N/A - not applicable. The City's wastewater was treated by a contractor until 2012.





Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Port Wentworth, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of City of Port Wentworth, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2015.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Port Wentworth, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Port Wentworth, Georgia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KRT, CPAs P.C.

KAT, CPA, P.C. Savannah, Georgia

December 2, 2015